



# PBSS4260PANPS

60 V, 2 A NPN/PNP low  $V_{CEsat}$  (BISS) double transistor

4 February 2016

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

NPN/PNP low  $V_{CEsat}$  Breakthrough In Small Signal (BISS) double transistor in a leadless medium power DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D) Surface-Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package with visible and solderable side pads.

NPN/NPN complement: PBSS4260PANS

PNP/PNP complement: PBSS5260PAPS

## 2. Features and benefits

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage  $V_{CEsat}$
- High collector current capability  $I_C$  and  $I_{CM}$
- High collector current gain  $h_{FE}$  at high  $I_C$
- Reduced Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) requirements
- Exposed heat sink for excellent thermal and electrical conductivity
- High energy efficiency due to less heat generation
- Suitable for Automatic Optical Inspection (AOI) of solder joints
- AEC-Q101 qualified

## 3. Applications

- Load switch
- Battery-driven devices
- Power management
- Charging circuits
- LED lighting
- Power switches (e.g. motors, fans)

## 4. Quick reference data

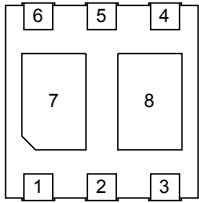
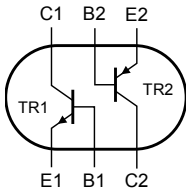
Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Per transistor, for the PNP transistor with negative polarity</b>						
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	60	V
$I_C$	collector current		-	-	2	A
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1$ ms	-	-	3	A

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR1 (NPN)</b>						
R <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	200	mΩ
<b>TR2 (PNP)</b>						
R <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I <sub>C</sub> = -1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = -50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	310	mΩ

## 5. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning information

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	E1	emitter TR1	 <p>Transparent top view <b>DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)</b></p>	 <p><i>sym139</i></p>
2	B1	base TR1		
3	C2	collector TR2		
4	E2	emitter TR2		
5	B2	base TR2		
6	C1	collector TR1		
7	C1	collector TR1		
8	C2	collector TR2		

## 6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
PBSS4260PANPS	DFN2020D-6	DFN2020D-6: plastic, thermally enhanced ultra thin and small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm	SOT1118D

## 7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code
PBSS4260PANPS	3D

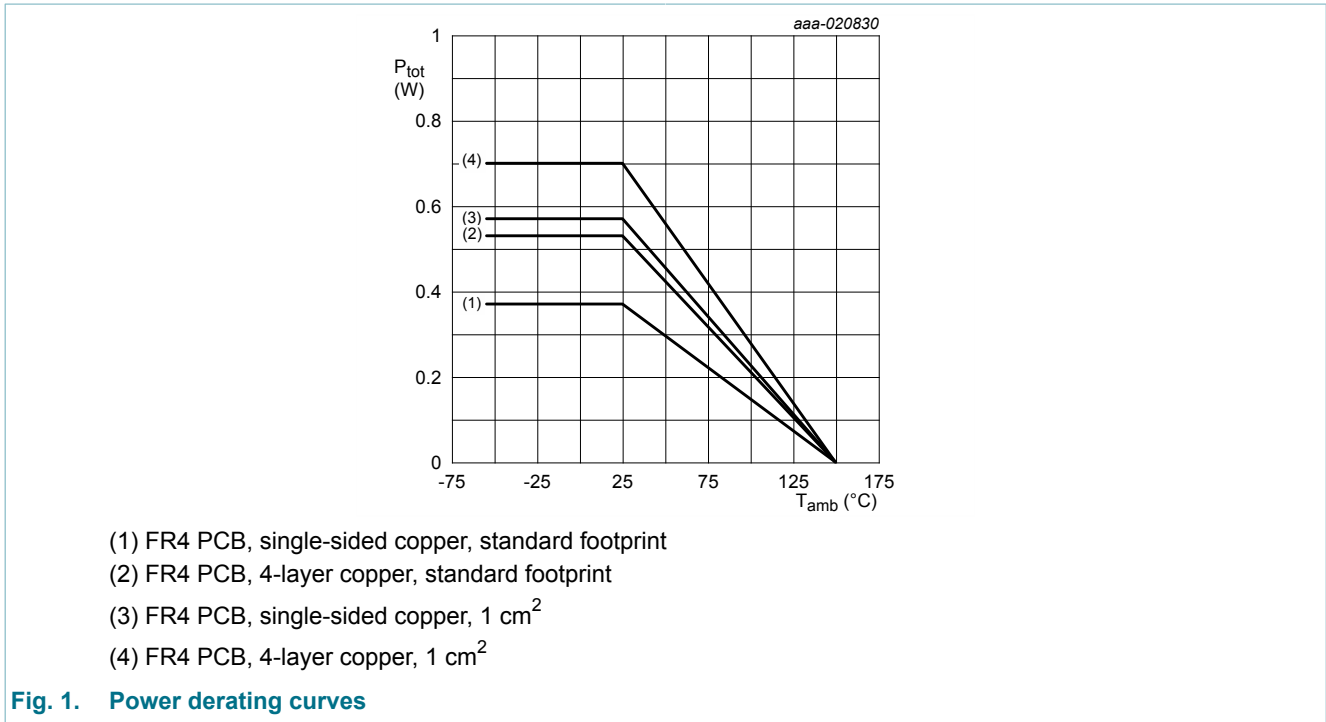
## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
<b>Per transistor, for the PNP transistor with negative polarity</b>						
V <sub>CBO</sub>	collector-base voltage	open emitter		-	60	V
V <sub>CEO</sub>	collector-emitter voltage	open base		-	60	V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	emitter-base voltage	open collector		-	7	V
I <sub>C</sub>	collector current			-	2	A
I <sub>CM</sub>	peak collector current	single pulse; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 ms		-	3	A
I <sub>B</sub>	base current			-	0.3	A
I <sub>BM</sub>	peak base current	single pulse; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1 ms		-	1	A
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	370	mW
			[2]	-	570	mW
			[3]	-	530	mW
			[4]	-	700	mW
<b>Per device</b>						
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	510	mW
			[2]	-	780	mW
			[3]	-	730	mW
			[4]	-	960	mW
T <sub>j</sub>	junction temperature			-	150	°C
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature			-55	150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	150	°C

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single sided copper, tin-plated; mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), 4-layer copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), 4-layer copper, tin-plated; mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.

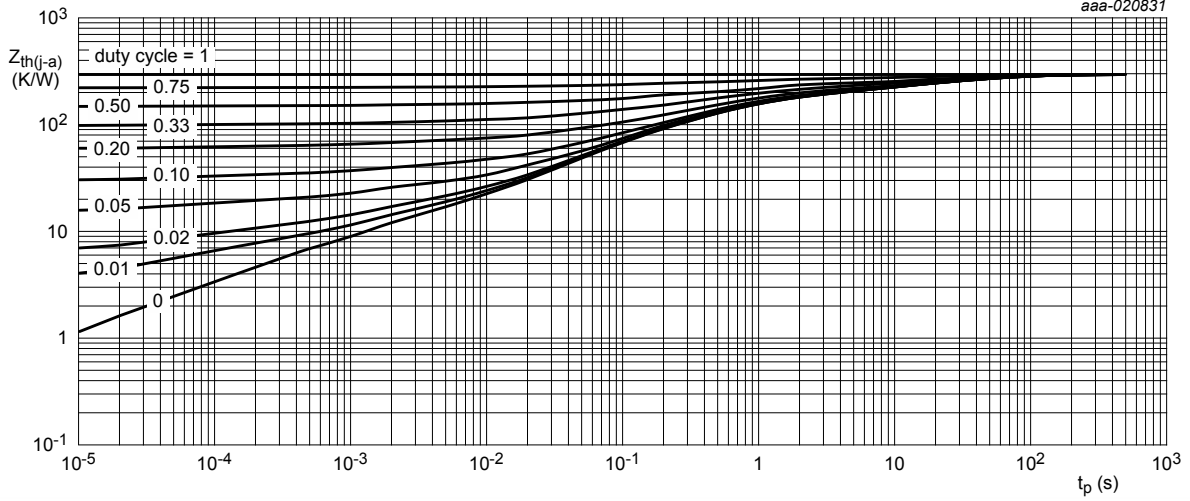


## 9. Thermal characteristics

**Table 6. Thermal characteristics**

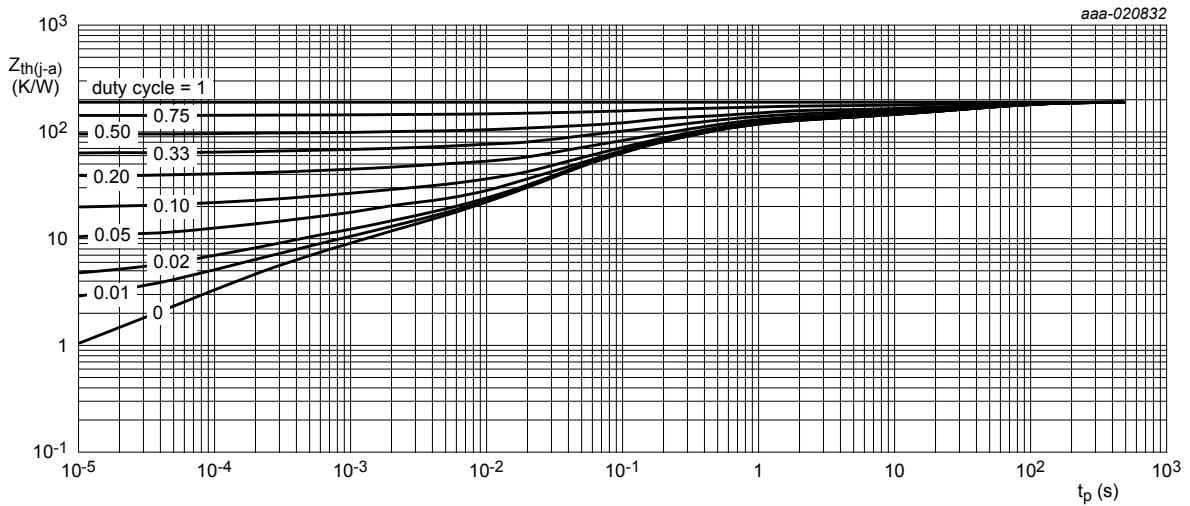
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b>Per transistor</b>							
R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	338	K/W
			[2]	-	-	219	K/W
			[3]	-	-	236	K/W
			[4]	-	-	179	K/W
<b>Per device</b>							
R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	246	K/W
			[2]	-	-	161	K/W
			[3]	-	-	172	K/W
			[4]	-	-	131	K/W

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single-sided copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- [3] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), 4-layer copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), 4-layer copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.



FR4 PCB, standard footprint

Fig. 2. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



FR4 PCB, mounting pad for collector  $1\text{ cm}^2$

Fig. 3. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

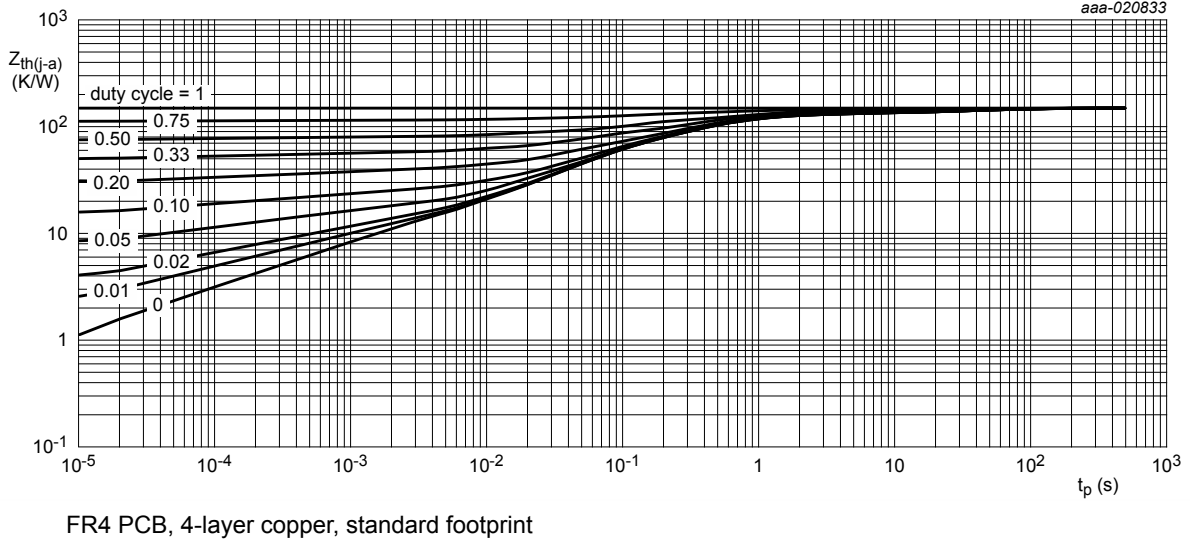


Fig. 4. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

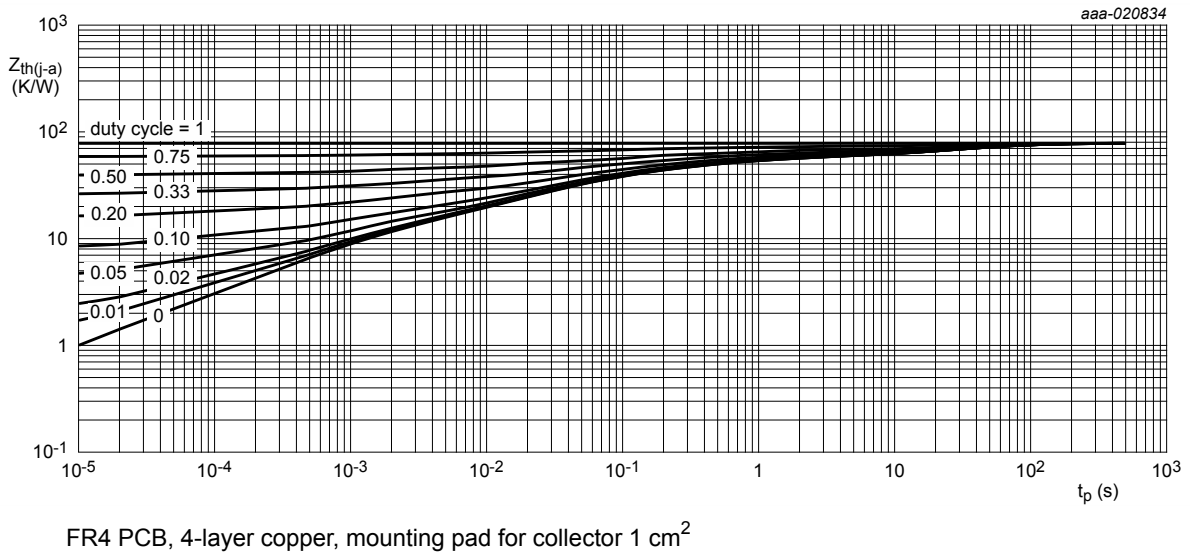


Fig. 5. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

## 10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

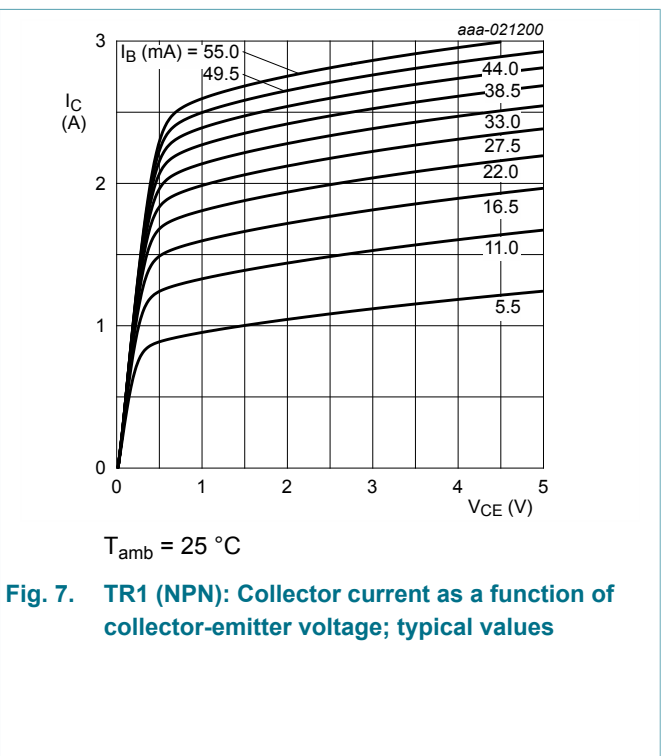
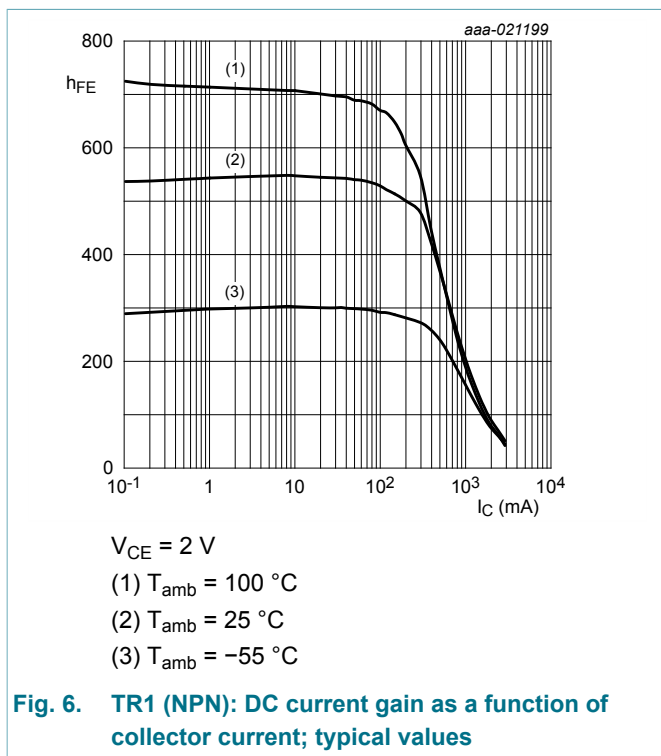
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>TR1 (NPN)</b>						
I <sub>CBO</sub>	collector-base cut-off current	V <sub>CB</sub> = 48 V; I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
		V <sub>CB</sub> = 48 V; I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	-	-	50	μA
I <sub>CES</sub>	collector-emitter cut-off current	V <sub>CE</sub> = 48 V; V <sub>BE</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	emitter-base cut-off current	V <sub>EB</sub> = 5 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 0 A; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	250	400	-	
		V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	210	330	-	
		V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	120	190	-	
		V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02	50	80	-	
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	70	100	mV
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	140	200	mV
		I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 200 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	260	350	mV
R <sub>CEsat</sub>	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	-	200	mΩ
V <sub>BEsat</sub>	base-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	0.92	1	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	0.96	1.1	V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A; I <sub>B</sub> = 200 mA; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	1.18	1.3	V
V <sub>BE</sub>	base-emitter voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A; V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V; pulsed; t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	0.77	0.9	V
t <sub>d</sub>	delay time	I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A; I <sub>Bon</sub> = 50 mA; I <sub>Boff</sub> = -50 mA; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	-	10	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	rise time		-	140	-	ns
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-on time		-	150	-	ns
t <sub>s</sub>	storage time		-	445	-	ns

## 60 V, 2 A NPN/PNP low VCEsat (BISS) double transistor

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_f$	fall time		-	180	-	ns
$t_{off}$	turn-off time		-	625	-	ns
$f_T$	transition frequency	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ ; $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	140	-	MHz
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$ ; $I_E = 0\text{ A}$ ; $i_e = 0\text{ A}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	6.5	-	pF
<b>TR2 (PNP)</b>						
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -48\text{ V}$ ; $I_E = 0\text{ A}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	-100	nA
			-	-	-50	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CES}$	collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = -48\text{ V}$ ; $V_{BE} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	-100	nA
$I_{EBO}$	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = 0\text{ A}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	-100	nA
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	170	250	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -500\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	140	200	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	110	150	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -2\text{ A}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	50	75	-	
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -0.5\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-100	-140	mV
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-200	-310	mV
		$I_C = -2\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -200\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-350	-500	mV
$R_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	310	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{BEsat}$	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -0.5\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-0.89	-1	V
		$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -50\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-0.93	-1.1	V
		$I_C = -2\text{ A}$ ; $I_B = -200\text{ mA}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-1.14	-1.25	V
$V_{BE}$	base-emitter voltage	$I_C = -0.5\text{ A}$ ; $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$ ; pulsed; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $\delta \leq 0.02$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-0.77	-0.9	V
$t_d$	delay time	$I_C = -1\text{ A}$ ; $I_{Bon} = -50\text{ mA}$ ; $I_{Boff} = 50\text{ mA}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	10	-	ns
$t_r$	rise time		-	80	-	ns



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{on}$	turn-on time		-	90	-	ns
$t_s$	storage time		-	195	-	ns
$t_f$	fall time		-	75	-	ns
$t_{off}$	turn-off time		-	270	-	ns
$f_T$	transition frequency	$V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}; I_C = -500\text{ mA};$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	100	-	MHz
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}; I_E = 0\text{ A}; i_e = 0\text{ A};$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	16	-	pF



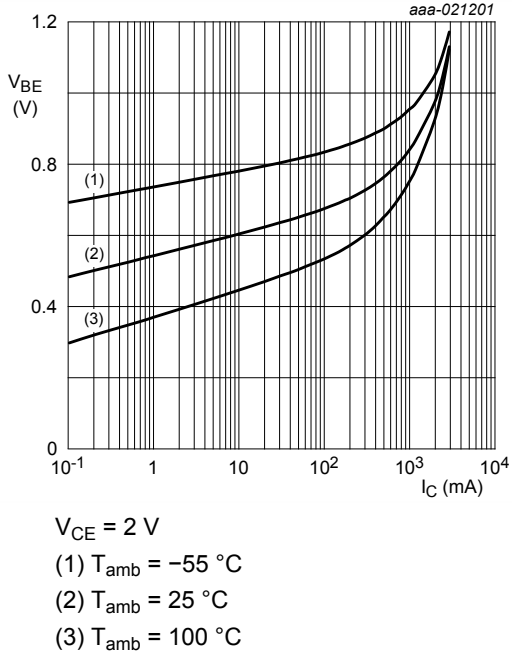


Fig. 8. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

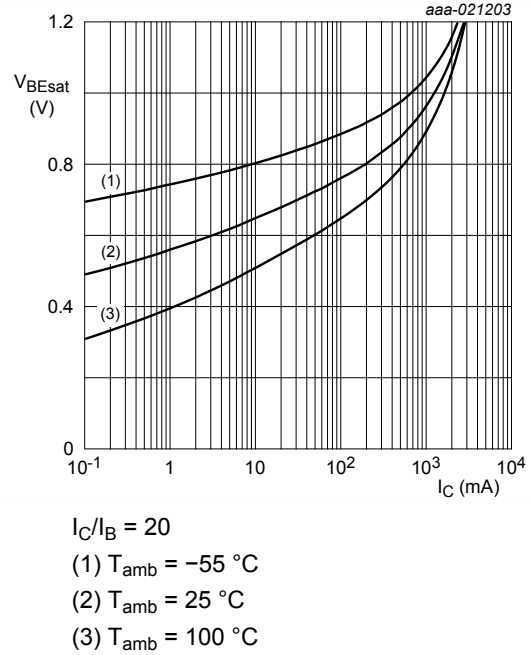


Fig. 9. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

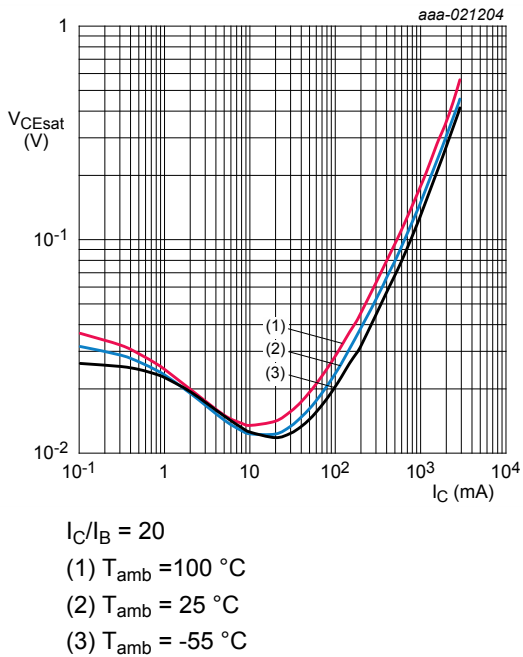


Fig. 10. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

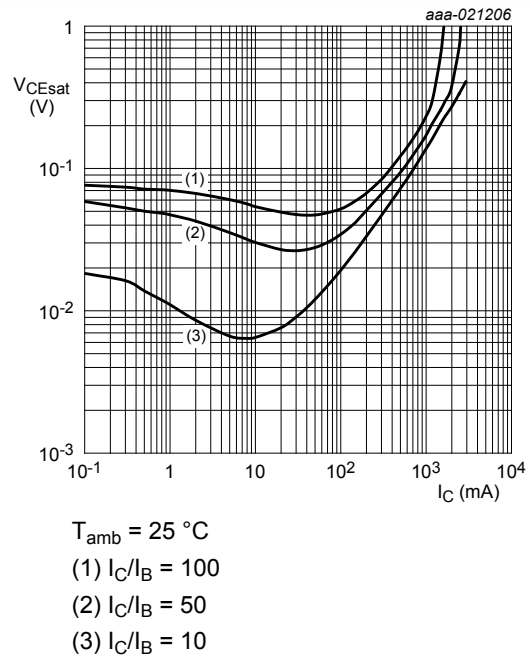
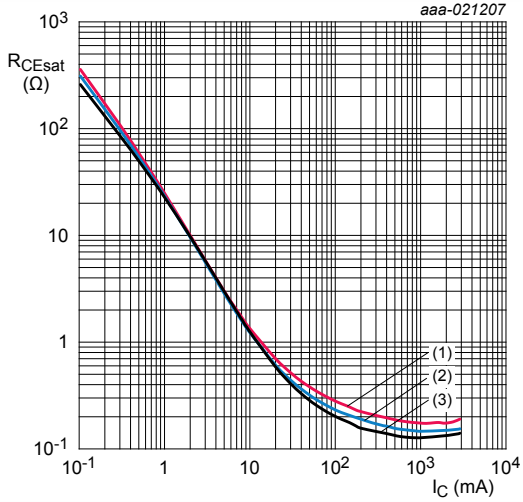
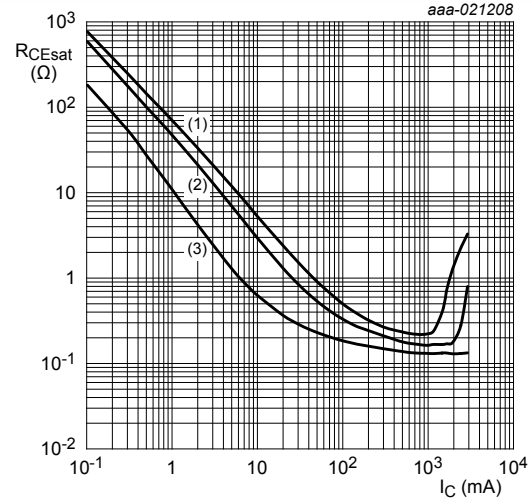


Fig. 11. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



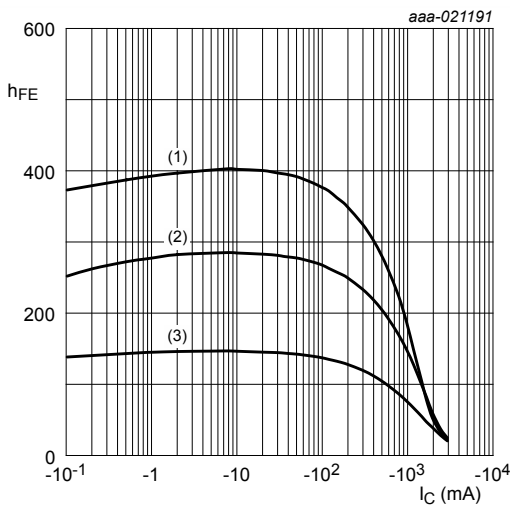
$I_C/I_B = 20$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 12. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



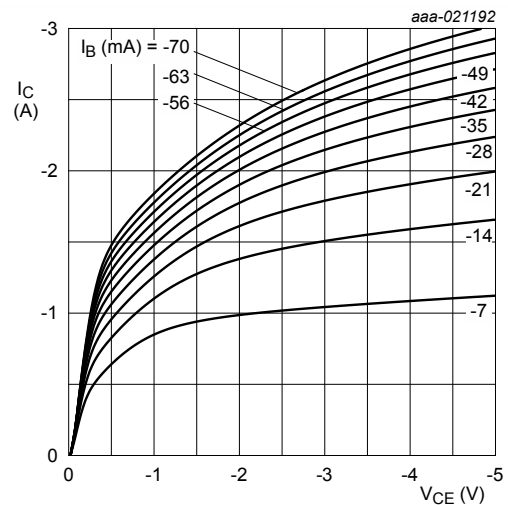
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$   
 (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$   
 (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$   
 (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 13. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 14. TR2 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Fig. 15. TR2 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

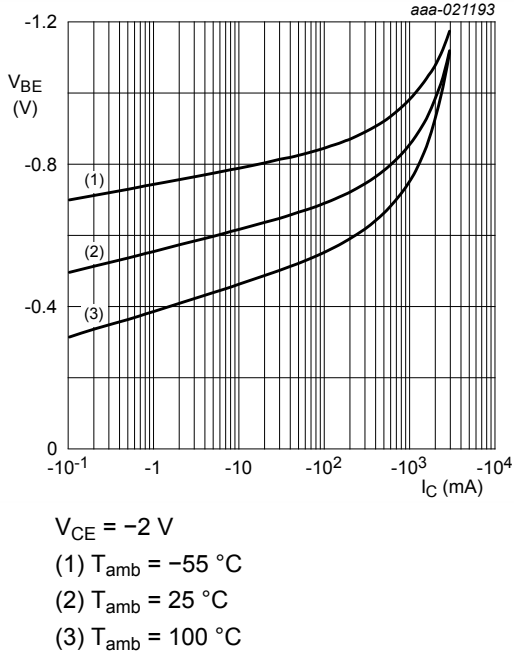


Fig. 16. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

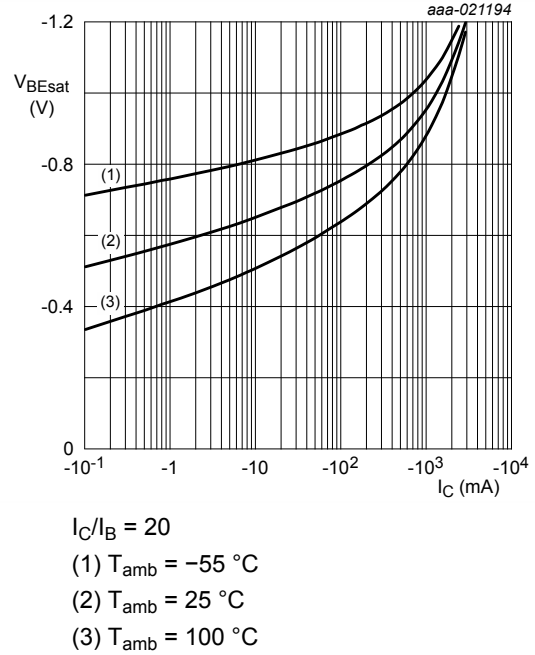


Fig. 17. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

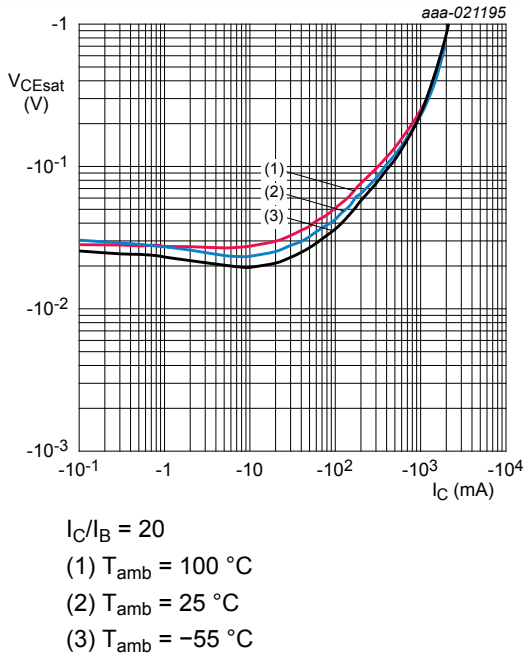


Fig. 18. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

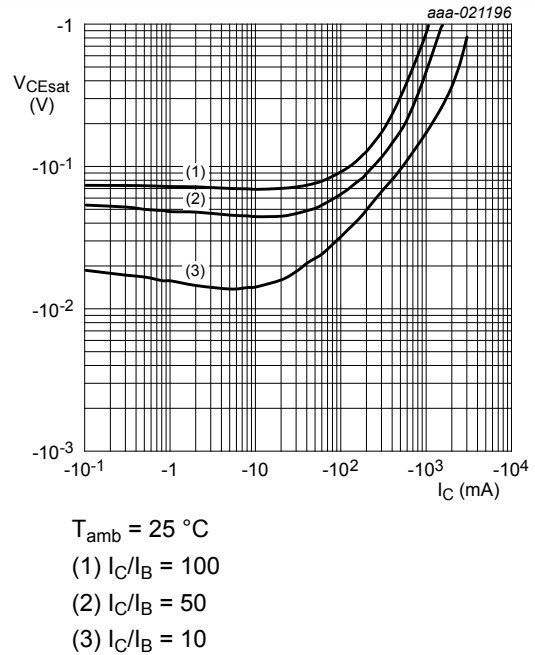
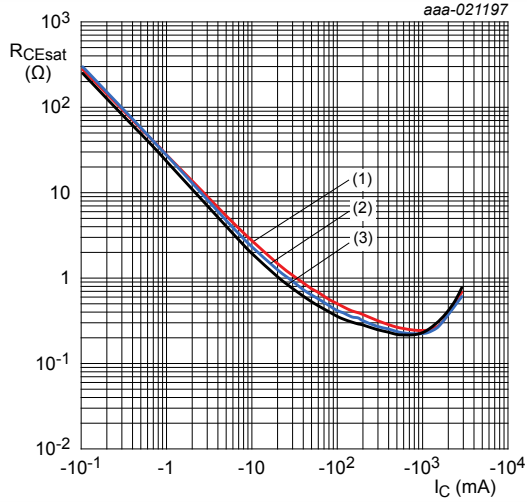
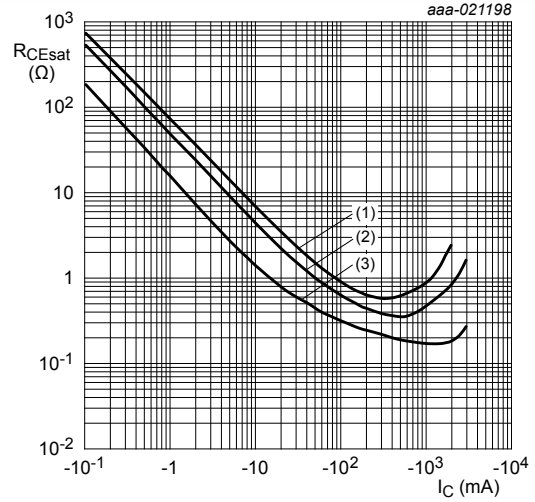


Fig. 19. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$I_C/I_B = 20$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

**Fig. 20. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$   
 (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$   
 (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$   
 (3)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

**Fig. 21. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values**

11. Test information

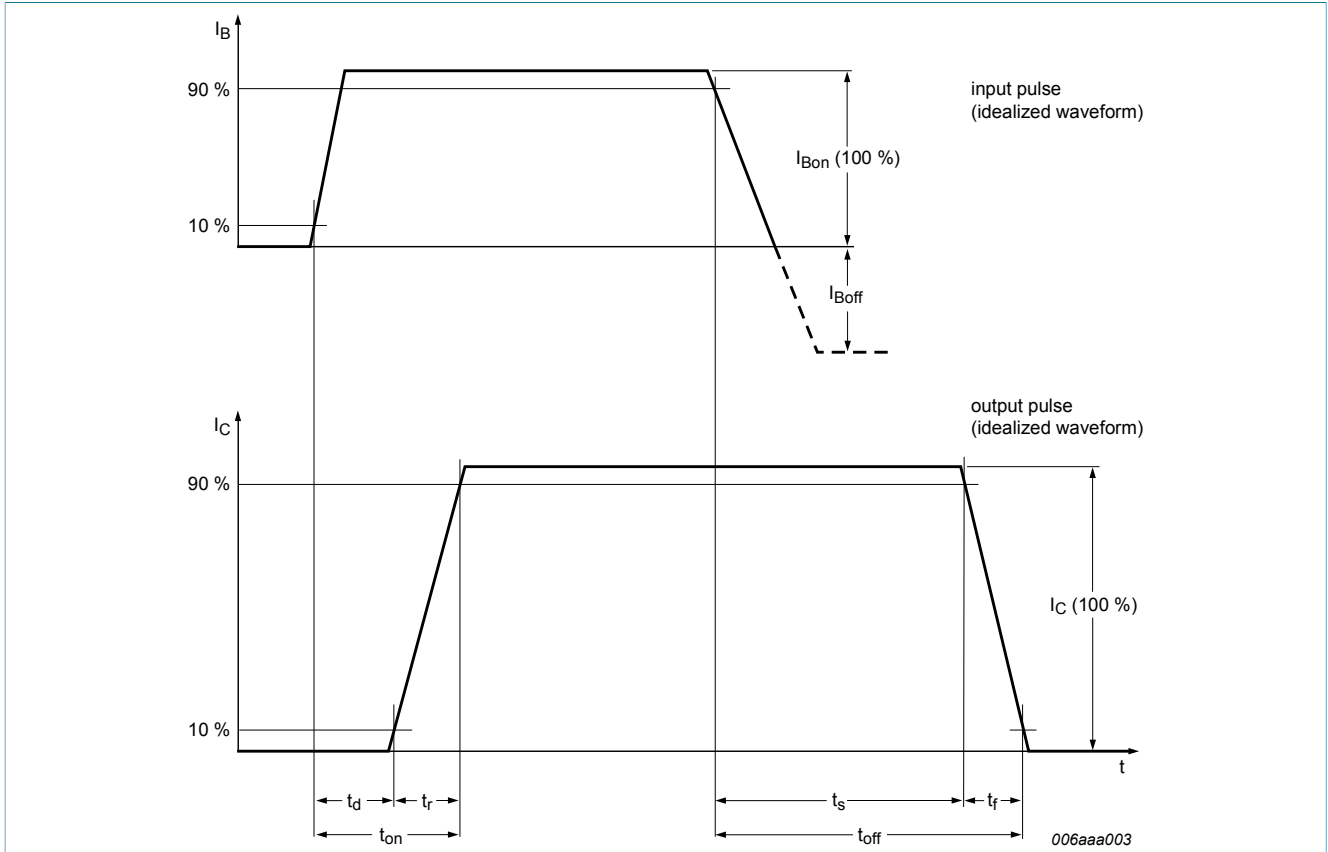


Fig. 22. TR1 (NPN): BISS transistor switching time definition

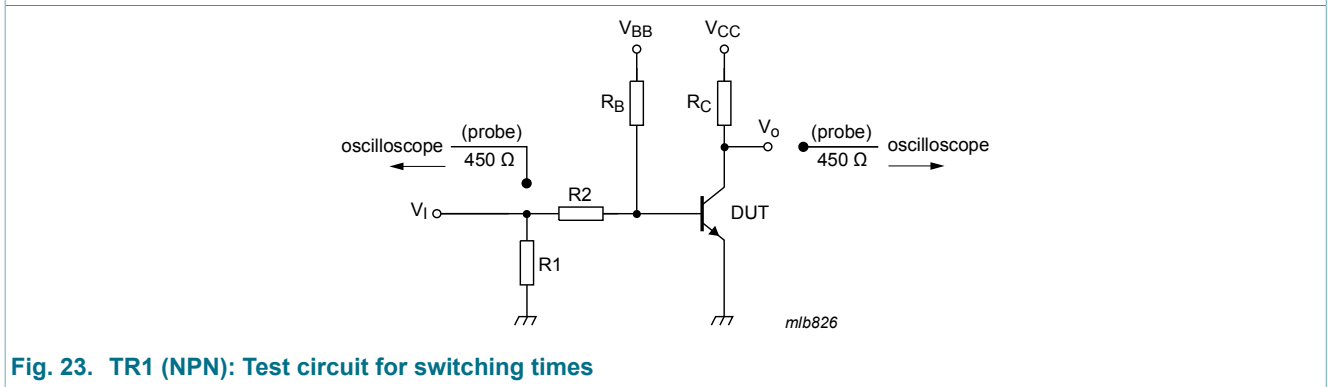


Fig. 23. TR1 (NPN): Test circuit for switching times

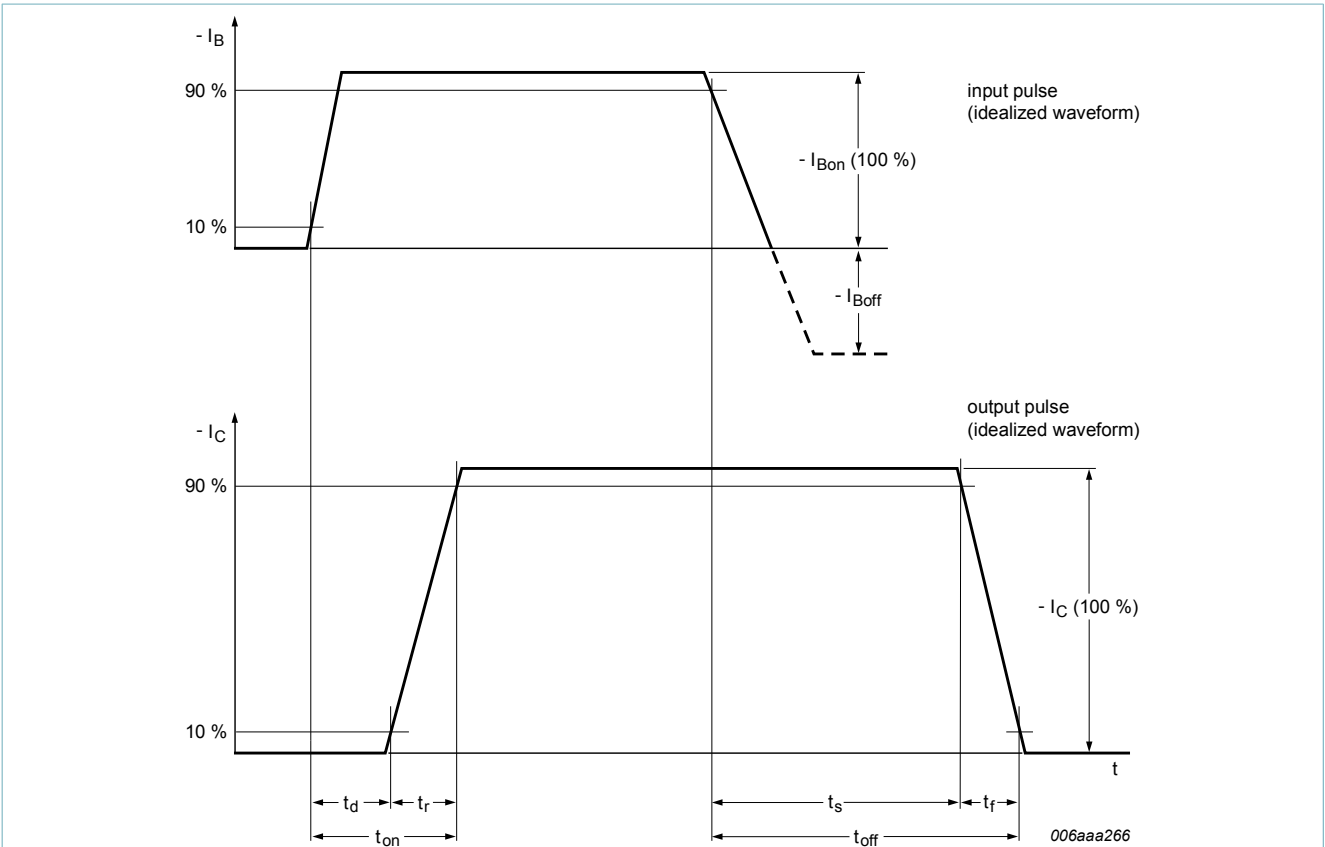


Fig. 24. TR2 (PNP): BISS transistor switching time definition

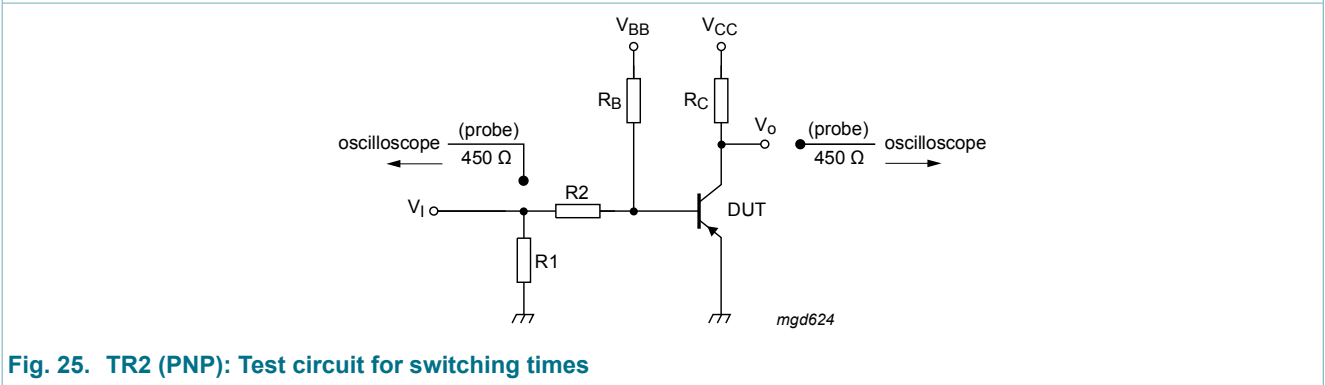


Fig. 25. TR2 (PNP): Test circuit for switching times

### 11.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q101 - *Stress test qualification for discrete semiconductors*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

## 12. Package outline

DFN2020D-6: plastic, thermally enhanced ultra thin and small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm

SOT1118D

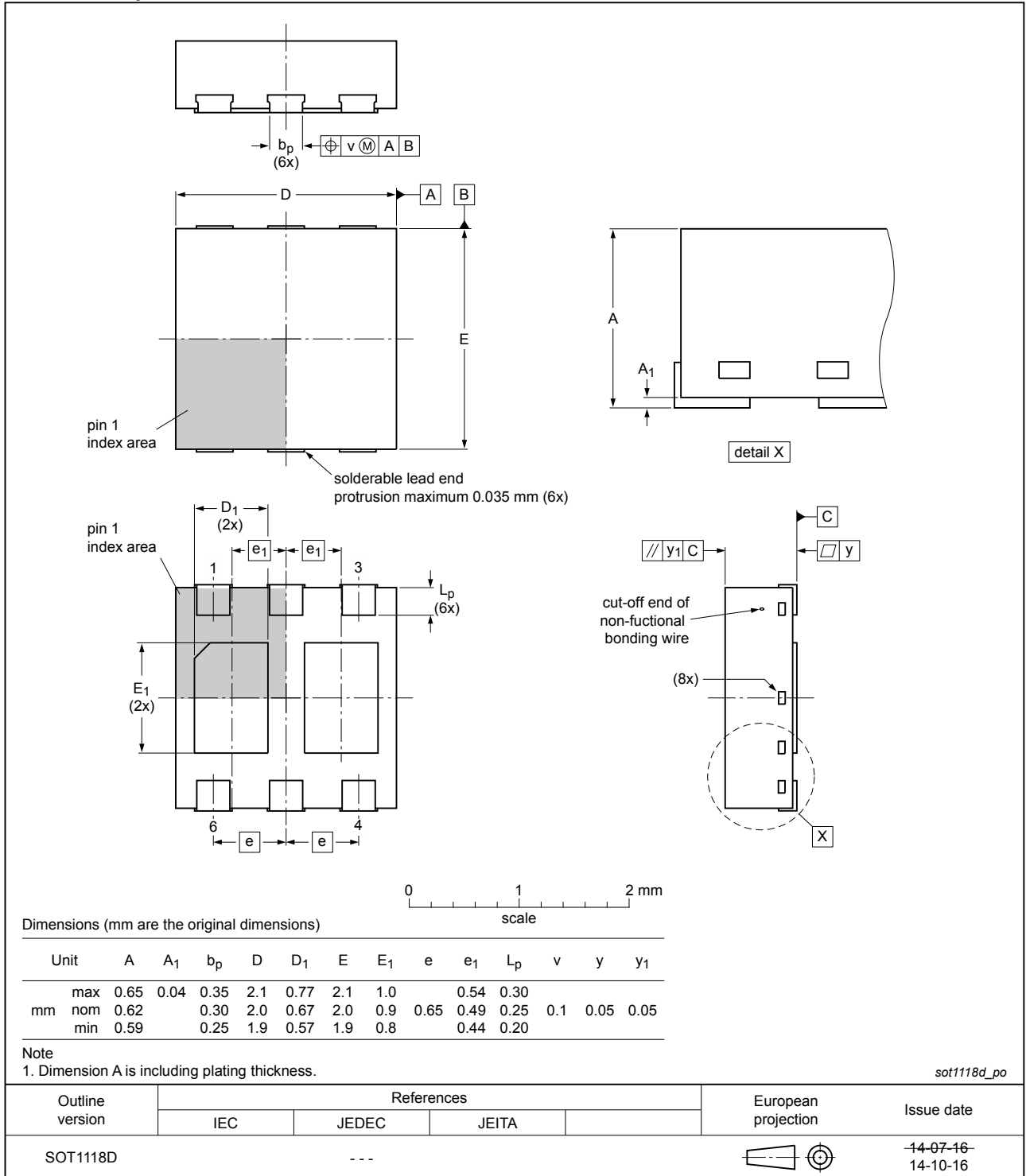


Fig. 26. Package outline DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)



### 13. Soldering

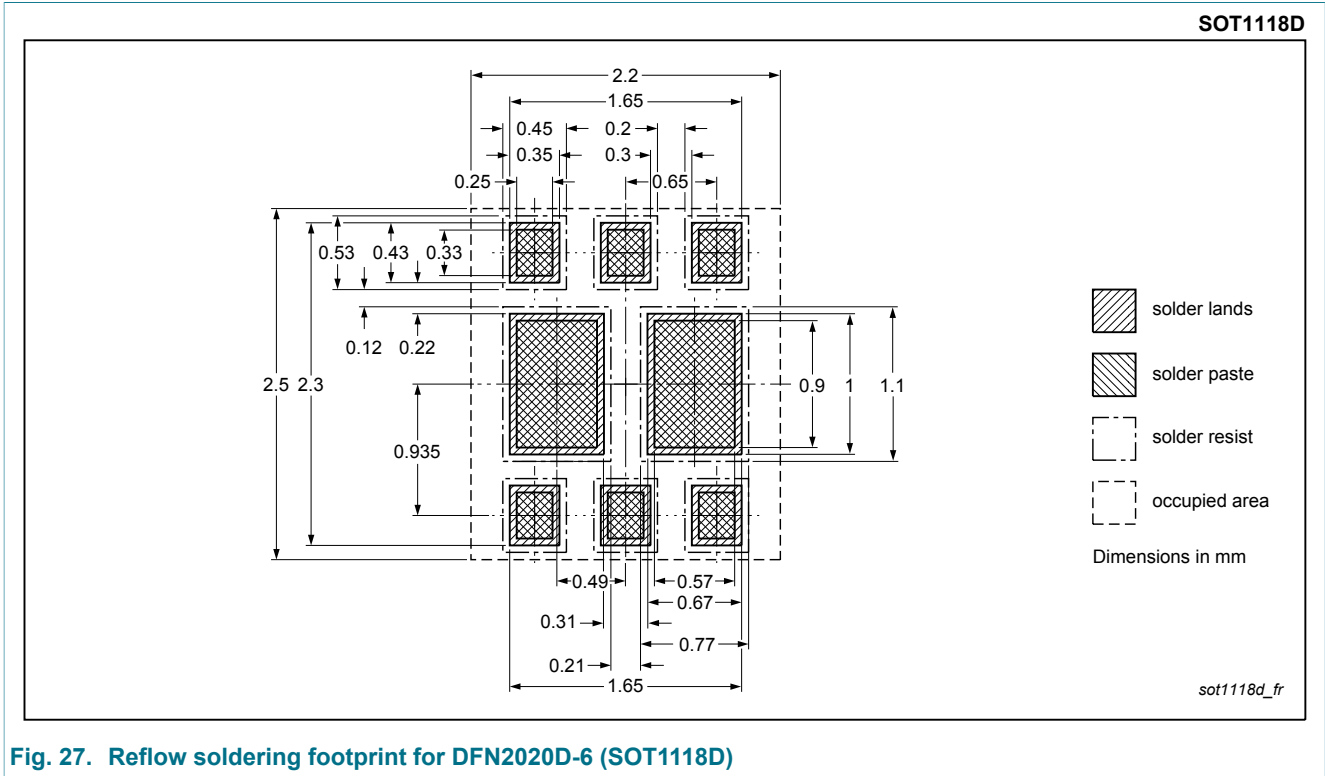


Fig. 27. Reflow soldering footprint for DFN2020D-6 (SOT1118D)

## 14. Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

Data sheet ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
PBSS4260PANPS v.1	20160204	Product data sheet	-	-

## 15. Legal information

### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nexperia.com>.

### 15.2 Definitions

**Preview** — The document is a preview version only. The document is still subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

**Draft** — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

**Short data sheet** — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

**Product specification** — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

### 15.3 Disclaimers

**Limited warranty and liability** — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of Nexperia.

**Right to make changes** — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

**Suitability for use in automotive applications** — This Nexperia product has been qualified for use in automotive applications. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the product is not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of a Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

**Quick reference data** — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

**Applications** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

**Limiting values** — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

**Terms and conditions of commercial sale** — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

**No offer to sell or license** — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

**Export control** — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

**Translations** — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

## 15.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 16. Contents

1	General description .....	1
2	Features and benefits .....	1
3	Applications .....	1
4	Quick reference data .....	1
5	Pinning information .....	2
6	Ordering information .....	2
7	Marking .....	2
8	Limiting values .....	3
9	Thermal characteristics .....	4
10	Characteristics .....	7
11	Test information .....	14
11.1	Quality information .....	15
12	Package outline .....	16
13	Soldering .....	17
14	Revision history .....	18
15	Legal information .....	19
15.1	Data sheet status .....	19
15.2	Definitions .....	19
15.3	Disclaimers .....	19
15.4	Trademarks .....	20

© Nexperia B.V. 2017. All rights reserved

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>  
For sales office addresses, please send an email to: [salesaddresses@nexperia.com](mailto:salesaddresses@nexperia.com)  
Date of release: 04 February 2016