8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state Rev. 1 — 11 February 2020 Prod

**Product data sheet** 

### 1. General description

The 74AXP8T245 is an 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver with 3-state outputs that enable bidirectional level translation. It features two data input-output ports (pins An and Bn), a direction control input (DIR), an output enable input ( $\overline{OE}$ ) and dual supply pins ( $V_{CC(A)}$  and  $V_{CC(B)}$ ). Both  $V_{CC(A)}$  and  $V_{CC(B)}$  can be supplied at any voltage between 0.9 V and 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (0.9 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). No power supply sequencing is required and output glitches during power supply transitions are prevented using patented circuitry. As a result glitches will not appear on the outputs for supply transitions during power-up/down between 20 mV/µs and 5.5 V/s.

Pins An,  $\overline{OE}$  and DIR are referenced to V<sub>CC(A)</sub> and pins Bn are referenced to V<sub>CC(B)</sub>. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from An to Bn and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from Bn to An. The output enable input ( $\overline{OE}$ ) can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The devices are fully specified for partial power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either  $V_{CC(A)}$  or  $V_{CC(B)}$  are at GND level, both An and Bn are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range:
  - V<sub>CC(A)</sub>: 0.9 V to 5.5 V
  - V<sub>CC(B)</sub>: 0.9 V to 5.5 V
- Low input capacitance; C<sub>I</sub> = 1.5 pF (typical)
- Low output capacitance; C<sub>O</sub> = 3.8 pF (typical)
- Low dynamic power consumption; C<sub>PD</sub> = 10 pF (typical)
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 2 µA (25 °C maximum)
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standard:
  - JESD8-12 (1.1 V to 1.3 V; inputs)
  - JESD8-11 (1.4 V to 1.6 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
  - JESD12-6 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 2 exceeds 2 kV
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1 kV
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD78D Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10% of V<sub>CCO</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial power-down mode operation
- Specified from -40 °C to +125 °C

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### 3. Ordering information

Cable 1. Ordering information										
Type number	Package									
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version						
74AXP8T245PW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP24	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT355-1						
74AXP8T245BQ	-40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN24	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; body 3.5 x 5.5 x 0.85 mm	SOT815-1						

### 4. Functional diagram



### Fig. 1. Logic symbol



### 5. Pinning information



### 5.1. Pinning

### 5.2. Pin description

Table 2. This descrip		
Symbol	Pin	Description
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	1	supply voltage A (An, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and DIR are referenced to V <sub>CC(A)</sub> )
DIR	2	direction control
A1 to A8	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	data input or output
GND[1]	11, 12, 13	ground (0 V)
B1 to B8	21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14	data input or output
ŌĒ	22	output enable input (active LOW)
V <sub>CC(B)</sub> [2]	23, 24	supply voltage B (Bn is referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$ )

[1] All GND pins must be connected to ground (0 V).

[2] All  $V_{CC(B)}$  pins must be connected to  $V_{CC(B)}$ .

Table 2 Din description

### 6. Functional description

#### Table 3. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage Input			Input/output[1]	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	OE[2]	DIR[2]	An[2]	Bn[2]
0.9 V to 5.5 V	L	L	An = Bn	input
0.9 V to 5.5 V	L	Н	input	Bn = An
0.9 V to 5.5 V	Н	Х	Z	Z
GND[1]	X	Х	Z	Z

If at least one of V<sub>CC(A)</sub> or V<sub>CC(B)</sub> is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode. An, DIR and  $\overline{OE}$  are referenced to V<sub>CC(A)</sub>; Bn is referenced to V<sub>CC(B)</sub>. [1]

[2]

### 7. Limiting values

#### **Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A			-0.5	+6.5	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B			-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0 V		-20	-	mA
VI	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>ОК</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V		-20	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode [1	1][2][3]	-0.5	V <sub>CCO</sub> + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	$V_{O} = 0 V$ to $V_{CCO}$	[2]	-	±25	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$ ; per $V_{CC}$ pin		-	100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current	per GND pin		-100	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	[4]	-	500	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

 $V_{\text{CCO}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port. [2]

[3]  $V_{CCO}$  + 0.5 V should not exceed 6.5 V.

[4] For SOT355-1 (TSSOP24) package: Ptot derates linearly with 12.4 mW/K above 110 °C.

For SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24) package: Ptot derates linearly with 15.0 mW/K above 117 °C.

### 8. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A		0.9	5.5	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B		0.9	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V <sub>cco</sub>	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.9 V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	8	ns/V

### Table 5 Recommended operating conditions

### 9. Static characteristics

### Table 6. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +125 °C	+2	5 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Мах	Max	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level	An, Bn, DIR, OE input [1]						
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.9 V	0.7V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	-	-	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	-	-	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	-	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	-	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	-	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level	An, Bn, DIR, OE input [1]						
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.9 V	-	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level	$V_{I} = V_{IH} $ [2]						
	output voltage	$I_0 = -0.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ [3]	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	0.9	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.5 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.1 V	0.825	-	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	1.05	-	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.5 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	1.2	-	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	1.7	-	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -10 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	2.2	-	-	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	3.7	-	-	-	-	V

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +125 °C	+2	5 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Max	Max	1
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> [2	]					
	output voltage	$I_{\rm O}$ = 0.1 mA; $V_{\rm CCO}$ = 0.9 V to 5.5 V [3]	] -	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.275	0.275	0.275	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.35	0.35	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.5 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	V
lı	input leakage current	DIR, $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state	A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or $V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CCO} = 0.9$ V to 5.5 V [2]	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA
	output current	suspend mode A port; $V_0 = 0 V$ or $V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 5.5 V$ ; [2 $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V$	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA
		suspend mode B port; $V_0 = 0 V$ or $V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V$ ; [2 $V_{CC(B)} = 5.5 V$	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	DIR, $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.1	0.5	2	μA
		A port; V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.1	0.5	2	μA
		B port; V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	0.1	0.5	2	μA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off	DIR, $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V to 0.1 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA
	leakage current	A port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } 5.5 V$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V \text{ to } 0.1 V$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0.9 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$ ; $V_I = 0 V \text{ or } 5.5 V$	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA
		B port; $V_0 = 0 V \text{ or } 5.5 V$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V \text{ to } 0.1 V$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0.9 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$ ; $V_1 = 0 V \text{ or } 5.5 V$	-	-	±0.1	±0.5	±2	μA

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### 74AXP8T245

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +125 °C	+25	S°C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Мах	Мах	
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	A port; $V_I = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCI}$ ; $I_O = 0 A$ [1]						
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	2	13	35	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V	-	-	2	13	35	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	-0.1	-0.8	-2	μA
		B port; $V_I = 0 V$ or $V_{CCI}$ ; $I_O = 0 A$						
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.9 V to 5.5 V	-	-	2	13	35	μA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V	-	-	2	13	35	μA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	-0.1	-0.8	-2	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input; other pins at V <sub>CCl</sub> or ground (0 V); I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; [4] $V_{CC(A)}$ , $V_{CC(B)}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCl</sub> - 0.6 V	-	2	100	150	200	μA

### Table 7. Typical total supply current $I_{CC(A)}$ at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

V <sub>CC(A)</sub>				Vo	C(B)				Unit
	0 V	0.9 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
0.9 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
1.2 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
1.5 V	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
1.8 V	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
2.5 V	0.01	0.19	0.17	0.13	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.01	μΑ
3.3 V	0.01	0.39	0.37	0.34	0.29	0.12	0.01	0.01	μΑ
5.0 V	0.01	0.95	0.94	0.92	0.89	0.76	0.53	0.01	μΑ

### Table 8. Typical total supply current I<sub>CC(B)</sub> at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										
	0 V	0.9 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V				
0 V	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μA			
0.9 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.19	0.39	0.94	μA			
1.2 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.17	0.37	0.94	μA			
1.5 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.34	0.92	μA			
1.8 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.29	0.89	μA			
2.5 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.76	μA			
3.3 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.53	μA			
5.0 V	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	μA			

### **10.** Dynamic characteristics

### Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.9 V and $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for waveforms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				V <sub>CC(B)</sub>				Unit
			0.9 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	An to Bn [1]	34	21	17	15	13	12.5	12	ns
		Bn to An [1]	34	21	17	15	13	12.5	12	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to An [1]	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	ns
		OE to Bn [1]	40	28	25	24	22	23	21	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to An [1]	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	ns
		OE to Bn [1]	42	27	24	22	22	22	24	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

#### Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.9 V and $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C

#### Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for waveforms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				V <sub>CC(A)</sub>				Unit
			0.9 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	An to Bn [1]	34	31	30	30	30	30	30	ns
		Bn to An [1]	34	31	30	30	30	30	30	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to An [1]	34	17	12.5	11.5	8.6	9.2	6.6	ns
		OE to Bn [1]	40	31	29	29	28	28	28	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to An [1]	49	19.5	12	9.1	6.1	4.8	3.8	ns
		OE to Bn [1]	42	32	30	28	28	27	28	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

#### Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25 \degree C$ [1] [2]Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7.

Symbol         Parameter         Conditions         V <sub>CC(A)</sub> and V <sub>CC(B)</sub>									Unit	
			0.9 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.9	pF
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	9.0	9.3	9.5	9.7	9.9	10.2	10.9	pF
CI	input capacitance	$V_{I} = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCI}; V_{CCI} = 0 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	input/output capacitance	$V_{O} = 0 V; V_{CCO} = 0 V$	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in  $\mu$ W).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} \times N + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$ 

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

#### Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see  $\underline{Fig. 7}$ ; for waveforms see  $\underline{Fig. 5}$  and  $\underline{Fig. 6}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>												
			1.2 V	± 0.1 V	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V :	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to Bn [1]													
	delay	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	38	3.6	25	3.4	21	3.1	16	2.9	14.5	2.7	14.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.5	33	3	21	2.8	16.5	2.6	12.5	2.4	10.5	2.2	9.8	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.1	32	2.7	19	2.4	15	2.2	11	2.1	9	1.9	8.2	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.8	31	2.4	17.5	2.1	13.5	1.9	9.1	1.7	7.5	1.6	6.6	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.7	31	2.3	17	2	13	1.8	8.5	1.6	6.9	1.4	5.8	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	2.7	31	2.2	16.5	1.9	12.5	1.6	8.1	1.4	6.4	1.2	5	ns
		Bn to An													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	38	3.5	33	3.1	32	2.8	31	2.7	31	2.7	31	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	25	3	21	2.7	19	2.4	17.5	2.3	17	2.2	16.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.4	21	2.8	16.5	2.4	15	2.1	13.5	2	13	1.9	12.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	3.1	16	2.6	12.5	2.2	11	1.9	9.1	1.8	8.5	1.6	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.9	14.5	2.4	10.5	2.1	9	1.7	7.5	1.6	6.9	1.4	6.4	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	2.7	14.5	2.2	9.8	1.9	8.2	1.6	6.6	1.4	5.8	1.2	5	ns

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>												
			1.2 V :	± 0.1 V	1.5 V :	± 0.1 V	1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V :	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to An [1]													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	24	3.6	24	3.6	24	3.6	24	3.6	24	3.6	24	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2.9	17.5	2.9	17.5	2.9	17.5	2.9	17.5	2.9	17.5	2.9	17.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	2.3	11	2.3	11	2.3	11	2.3	11	2.3	11	2.3	11	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2	8.1	2	8.1	2	8.1	2	8.1	2	8.1	2	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	1.8	6	1.8	6	1.8	6	1.8	6	1.8	6	1.8	6	ns
		OE to Bn													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	5	46	4.6	32	4.1	27	4.1	24	4	25.5	4.1	26	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	4.2	40	3.8	24	3.5	19.5	3.3	16	3.3	15	3.3	14.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.9	36	3.3	21	3	17.5	2.8	13.5	2.8	12	2.8	11.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	3.4	35	2.8	18.5	2.5	14.5	2.3	11	2.2	9.3	2.2	8.4	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3.2	34	2.7	17.5	2.3	13.5	2.1	9.5	1.9	8.1	1.9	7.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	3.1	37	2.4	17	2.1	13	1.9	8.7	1.8	7.3	1.7	6.1	ns

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions						Vc	С(В)						Unit
			1.2 V :	± 0.1 V	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V :	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	1
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to An [1]													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.9	22	3.9	22	3.9	22	3.9	22	3.9	22	3.9	22	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4	19	4	19	4	19	4	19	4	19	4	19	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	2.9	13	2.9	13	2.9	13	2.9	13	2.9	13	2.9	13	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3.5	13	3.5	13	3.5	13	3.5	13	3.5	13	3.5	13	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	2.4	9.7	2.4	9.7	2.4	9.7	2.4	9.7	2.4	9.7	2.4	9.7	ns
		OE to Bn													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	5.6	41	4.8	32	5.1	30	4.4	26	5.1	27	4.1	24	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	5.1	34	4.4	25	4.6	23	3.8	18.5	4.6	19.5	3.6	17	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4.7	32	4	23	4.3	21	3.4	16.5	4.2	17.5	3.3	15	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	4.3	29.5	3.6	20.6	3.9	18.5	3	14.5	3.9	15	2.9	12.1	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.2	29	3.5	19.5	3.7	17.5	2.9	13.5	3.7	14	2.7	11	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	4.1	28	3.3	19	3.6	16.5	2.7	12.5	3.5	13	2.5	10	ns
t <sub>t</sub>	transition	An, Bn output													
	time	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 5.5 V	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

#### Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see  $\underline{Fig. 7}$ ; for waveforms see  $\underline{Fig. 5}$  and  $\underline{Fig. 6}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions						Vc	C(B)						Unit
			1.2 V	± 0.1 V	1.5 V	± 0.1 V	1.8 V ±	± 0.15 V	2.5 V	± 0.2 V	3.3 V	± 0.3 V	5.0 V	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	An to Bn [1]													
	delay	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	38	3.6	26	3.4	22	3.1	17	2.9	15	2.7	15	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.5	33	3	22	2.8	17.5	2.6	13.5	2.4	11.5	2.2	10.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.1	32	2.7	20	2.4	16	2.2	12	2.1	9.7	1.9	9.4	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	2.8	31	2.4	18.5	2.1	14.5	1.9	9.8	1.7	8.1	1.6	7.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	2.7	31	2.3	18	2	14	1.8	9.2	1.6	7.5	1.4	6.3	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	2.7	31	2.2	17.5	1.9	13.5	1.6	8.8	1.4	6.9	1.2	5.5	ns
		Bn to An													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	38	3.5	33	3.1	32	2.8	31	2.7	31	2.7	31	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	26	3	22	2.7	20	2.4	18.5	2.3	18	2.2	17.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.4	22	2.8	17.5	2.4	16	2.1	14.5	2	14	1.9	13.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	3.1	17	2.6	13.5	2.2	12	1.9	9.8	1.8	9.2	1.6	8.8	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.9	15	2.4	11.5	2.1	9.7	1.7	8.1	1.6	7.5	1.4	6.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	2.7	15	2.2	10.5	1.9	9.4	1.6	7.1	1.4	6.3	1.2	5.5	ns

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions						Vc	С(В)						Unit
			1.2 V :	± 0.1 V	1.5 V :	± 0.1 V	1.8 V ±	0.15 V	2.5 V :	± 0.2 V	3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V ±	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	OE to An [1]													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	4.6	48	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	25	3.6	25	3.6	25	3.6	25	3.6	25	3.6	25	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2.9	18.5	2.9	18.5	2.9	18.5	2.9	18.5	2.9	18.5	2.9	18.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.3	11.5	2.3	11.5	2.3	11.5	2.3	11.5	2.3	11.5	2.3	11.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2	8.7	2	8.7	2	8.7	2	8.7	2	8.7	2	8.7	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	1.8	6.5	1.8	6.5	1.8	6.5	1.8	6.5	1.8	6.5	1.8	6.5	ns
		OE to Bn													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	5	46	4.6	32	4.1	28	4.1	25	4	26	4.1	26	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	4.2	40	3.8	25	3.5	21	3.3	17	3.3	16	3.3	15.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.9	36	3.3	23	3	19	2.8	14.5	2.8	13	2.8	12.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	3.4	35	2.8	19.5	2.5	15.5	2.3	12	2.2	10.5	2.2	9.1	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3.2	34	2.7	18.5	2.3	14.5	2.1	10.5	1.9	8.7	1.9	7.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	3.1	37	2.4	18	2.1	14	1.9	9.4	1.8	7.9	1.7	6.7	ns

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>												Unit
			1.2 V :	± 0.1 V	1.5 V :	± 0.1 V	1.8 V ±	: 0.15 V	2.5 V :	± 0.2 V	3.3 V :	± 0.3 V	5.0 V :	± 0.5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	OE to An [1]													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	4.9	36	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.9	23	3.9	23	3.9	23	3.9	23	3.9	23	3.9	23	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4	20	4	20	4	20	4	20	4	20	4	20	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.9	14	2.9	14	2.9	14	2.9	14	2.9	14	2.9	14	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3.5	14	3.5	14	3.5	14	3.5	14	3.5	14	3.5	14	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	2.4	10.2	2.4	10.2	2.4	10.2	2.4	10.2	2.4	10.2	2.4	10.2	ns
		OE to Bn													
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	5.6	41	4.8	33	5.1	31	4.4	27	5.1	28	4.1	25	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	5.1	35	4.4	27	4.6	25	3.8	20	4.6	21	3.6	18	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4.7	33	4	24	4.3	22	3.4	17.5	4.2	18.5	3.3	16	ns
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	4.3	31	3.6	22	3.9	19.5	3	15.5	3.9	16	2.9	13	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.2	30	3.5	21	3.7	18.5	2.9	14.5	3.7	15	2.7	11.5	ns
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	4.1	29	3.3	20	3.6	17.5	2.7	13.5	3.5	13.5	2.5	10.5	ns
t <sub>t</sub>	transition	An, Bn output													
	time	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 5.5 V	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .



### 10.1. Waveforms and test circuit

### Table 14 Measurement points

able 14. Measurement points										
Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]								
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>						
0.9 V to 1.6 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.1 V						
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V						
3.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V						

[1]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state



#### Supply voltage Input $V_{EXT}$ Load CL V<sub>CC(A)</sub>, V<sub>CC(B)</sub> $R_L$ t<sub>r</sub>, t<sub>f</sub> V<sub>I</sub> [1] t<sub>PZL</sub>, t<sub>PLZ</sub> [2] t<sub>PLH</sub>, t<sub>PHL</sub> t<sub>PZH</sub>, t<sub>PHZ</sub> 0.9 V to 5.5 V GND GND 5 pF 10 kΩ ≤3.0 ns $2V_{CCO}$ V<sub>CCI</sub>

[1] V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V<sub>CCO</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



### 10.2. Additional propagation delay versus load capacitance graphs

74AXP8T245



### **11. Application information**

### 11.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in <u>Fig. 15</u> is an example of the 74AXP8T245 being used in an unidirectional logic level-shifting application.



### Fig. 15. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Name	Function	Description
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC1</sub>	supply voltage of system-1 (0.9 V to 5.5 V)
GND	GND	device GND
A	OUT	output level depends on $V_{CC1}$ voltage
В	IN	input threshold value depends on $V_{CC2}$ voltage
DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>CC2</sub>	supply voltage of system-2 (0.9 V to 5.5 V)
OE	OE	The GND (LOW level) enables the output ports

#### Table 16. Description unidirectional logic level-shifting application

### 11.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 16 shows the 74AXP8T245 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application.



<u>Table 17</u> gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

#### Table 17. Description bidirectional logic level-shifting application

State **DIR CTRL** OE I/O-1 I/O-2 Description Н output input system-1 data to system-2 1 L 2 Н Н Ζ Ζ system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold. Ζ Н Ζ 3 L DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold. 4 L L input output system-2 data to system-1

	-		
H = HIGH voltage level: L =	LOW voltage level: Z	! = hiah-impedance	OFF-state.

### 12. Package outline



#### Fig. 17. Package outline SOT355-1 (TSSOP24)

## DHVQFN24: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; body 3.5 x 5.5 x 0.85 mm

SOT815-1





<sup>74</sup>AXP8T245

### 13. Abbreviations

Table 18. Abbreviations							
Acronym	Description						
CDM	Charged Device Model						
DUT	Device Under Test						
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge						
НВМ	Human Body Model						

### 14. Revision history

### Table 19. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AXP8T245 v.1	20200211	Product data sheet	-	-

74AXP8T245

### 15. Legal information

#### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <u>https://www.nexperia.com</u>.

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#### 8-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

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