# 74AUP1G34-Q100

## Low-power buffer Rev. 4 — 13 July 2023

**Product data sheet** 

## 1. General description

The 74AUP1G34-Q100 is a single buffer. Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times. This device ensures very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. This device is fully specified for partial power down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the potentially damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- · CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial power-down mode operation
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 μA (maximum)
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V

## 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information** 

| Type number      | Package           |      |   |          |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------|------|---|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                  | Temperature range | Name | Description   | Version  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G34GW-Q100 | -40 °C to +125 °C |      | plastic thin shrink small outline package;<br>5 leads; body width 1.25 mm | SOT353-1 |  |  |  |  |  |



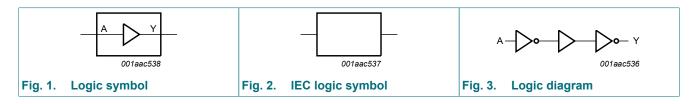
## 4. Marking

### Table 2. Marking

| Type number      | Marking code[1] |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 74AUP1G34GW-Q100 | aN              |

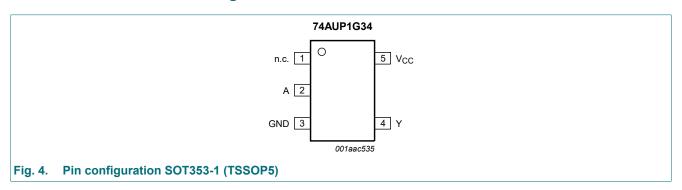
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

# 5. Functional diagram



# 6. Pinning information

## 6.1. Pinning



## 6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol          | Pin | Description    |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-----|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| n.c.            | 1   | not connected  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Α               | 2   | data input     |  |  |  |  |  |
| GND             | 3   | ground (0 V)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Υ               | 4   | data output    |  |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | 5   | supply voltage |  |  |  |  |  |

# 7. Functional description

### **Table 4. Function table**

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level.$ 

| Input | Output |
|-------|--------|
| A     | Υ      |
| L     | L      |
| Н     | Н      |

# 8. Limiting values

### Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol           | Parameter               | Conditions   | Min  | Max  | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|------|------|------|
| $V_{CC}$         | supply voltage          |  | -0.5 | +4.6 | V    |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | input clamping current  | V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V   | -50  | -    | mA   |
| VI               | input voltage           | [1]  | -0.5 | +4.6 | V    |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | output clamping current | V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V   | -50  | -    | mA   |
| Vo               | output voltage          | Active mode and Power-down mode [1]                                      | -0.5 | +4.6 | V    |
| Io               | output current          | $V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$   | -    | ±20  | mA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | supply current          |  | -    | +50  | mA   |
| $I_{GND}$        | ground current          |  | -50  | -    | mA   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | storage temperature     |  | -65  | +150 | °C   |
| P <sub>tot</sub> | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125  ^{\circ}\text{C}$ [2] | -    | 250  | mW   |

The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed. For SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

# 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol           | Parameter                           | Conditions                             | Min | Max             | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----|-----------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | supply voltage                      |  | 0.8 | 3.6             | V    |
| VI               | input voltage                       |  | 0   | 3.6             | V    |
| Vo               | output voltage                      | Active mode                            | 0   | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                  |                                     | Power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V | 0   | 3.6             | V    |
| T <sub>amb</sub> | ambient temperature                 |  | -40 | +125            | °C   |
| Δt/ΔV            | input transition rise and fall rate | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V       | 0   | 200             | ns/V |

## 10. Static characteristics

### **Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol                | Parameter                            | Conditions   | Min                    | Тур | Max                    | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 | s °C                                 |  |                        |     |                        |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>       | HIGH-level input                     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V  | 0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V  | 0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.6                    | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 2.0                    | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>       | LOW-level input                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V  | -                      | -   | 0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V  | -                      | -   | 0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | -                      | -   | 0.7                    | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | -                      | -   | 0.9                    | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>       | HIGH-level output                    | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$   |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       | voltage                              | I <sub>O</sub> = -20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                    | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1  | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                            | 0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                            | 1.11                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                           | 1.32                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V  | 2.05                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                            | 1.9                    | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V  | 2.72                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$                              | 2.6                    | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>       | LOW-level output voltage             | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$   |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V                     | -                      | -   | 0.1                    | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>  | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.31                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                            | -                      | -   | 0.31                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.31                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.44                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.31                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V                             | -                      | -   | 0.44                   | V    |
| II                    | input leakage<br>current             | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V                | -                      | -   | ±0.1                   | μΑ   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>      | power-off leakage current            | $V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V; } V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ | -                      | -   | ±0.2                   | μΑ   |
| Δl <sub>OFF</sub>     | additional power-off leakage current | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V                   | -                      | -   | ±0.2                   | μA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>       | supply current                       | $V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V         | -                      | -   | 0.5                    | μA   |
| Δl <sub>CC</sub>      | additional supply current            | $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1 | 1 -                    | -   | 40                     | μΑ   |
| Cı                    | input capacitance                    | $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$                             | -                      | 0.8 | -                      | pF   |
| Co                    | output capacitance                   | $V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$  | -                      | 1.7 | -                      | pF   |

| Symbol                | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min                    | Тур | Max                    | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = -4 | 10 °C to +85 °C                      |   |                        |     |                        |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>       | HIGH-level input                     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | 0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | 0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | 1.6                    | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | 2.0                    | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>       | LOW-level input                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | -                      | -   | 0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | -                      | -   | 0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | -                      | -   | 0.7                    | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | -                      | -   | 0.9                    | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>       | HIGH-level output                    | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       | voltage                              | $I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 $V$ to 3.6 $V$  | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1  | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V   | 0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V   | 1.03                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V  | 1.30                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V   | 1.97                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -3.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V   | 1.85                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V   | 2.67                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | $I_{O}$ = -4.0 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V   | 2.55                   | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>       | LOW-level output                     | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>   |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       | voltage                              | I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | -                      | -   | 0.1                    | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V  | -                      | -   | 0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>  | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V  | -                      | -   | 0.37                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V   | -                      | -   | 0.35                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V  | -                      | -   | 0.33                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V  | -                      | -   | 0.45                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V  | -                      | -   | 0.33                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V  | -                      | -   | 0.45                   | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>        | input leakage<br>current             | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V                                       | -                      | -   | ±0.5                   | μΑ   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>      | power-off leakage current            | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V   | -                      | -   | ±0.5                   | μΑ   |
| Δl <sub>OFF</sub>     | additional power-off leakage current | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V  | -                      | -   | ±0.6                   | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>       | supply current                       | V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A;<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | -                      | -   | 0.9                    | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub>      | additional supply current            | $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_0 = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$                           | 1] -                   | -   | 50                     | μΑ   |

| Symbol                | Parameter                            | Conditions  | Min                    | Тур | Max                    | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| T <sub>amb</sub> = -4 | 0 °C to +125 °C                      |   |                        |     |                        |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>       | HIGH-level input                     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | 0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | 0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub> | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | 1.6                    | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | 2.0                    | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>       | LOW-level input                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V   | -                      | -   | 0.25 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       | voltage                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V   | -                      | -   | 0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V  | -                      | -   | 0.7                    | V    |
|                       |                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V  | -                      | -   | 0.9                    | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>       | HIGH-level output                    | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       | voltage                              | I <sub>O</sub> = -20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V   | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11 | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V   | 0.6 × V <sub>CC</sub>  | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V   | 0.93                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V  | 1.17                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V   | 1.77                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V   | 1.67                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V   | 2.40                   | -   | -                      | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V   | 2.30                   | -   | -                      | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>       | LOW-level output                     | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$  |                        |     |                        |      |
|                       | voltage                              | I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | -                      | -   | 0.11                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V  | -                      | -   | 0.33 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V  | -                      | -   | 0.41                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V   | -                      | -   | 0.39                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V  | -                      | -   | 0.36                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V  | -                      | -   | 0.50                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V  | -                      | -   | 0.36                   | V    |
|                       |                                      | I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V  | -                      | -   | 0.50                   | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>        | input leakage<br>current             | V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V                                       | -                      | -   | ±0.75                  | μΑ   |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>      | power-off leakage<br>current         | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V   | -                      | -   | ±0.75                  | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>     | additional power-off leakage current | $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V  | -                      | -   | ±0.75                  | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>       | supply current                       | V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A;<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | -                      | -   | 1.4                    | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub>      | additional supply current            | $V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_0 = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]                       | -                      | -   | 75                     | μΑ   |

<sup>[1]</sup> One input at  $V_{CC}$  - 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

### **Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 6.

| Symbol               | Parameter   | rameter Conditions                 |     | T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C |      |     | -40 °C<br>35 °C | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C<br>to +125 °C |      | Unit |
|----------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------|-----|-----------------|---|------|------|
|                      |             |                                    | Min | Typ [1]                  | Max  | Min | Max             | Min                                     | Max  |      |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p | F           |                                    |     |                          |      | •   |                 |   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 5</u> [2]      |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
|                      | delay       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V            | -   | 15.0                     | -    | -   | -               | -                                       | -    | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 2.6 | 4.7                      | 9.2  | 2.0 | 10.0            | 2.0                                     | 11.0 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 2.1 | 3.4                      | 5.7  | 1.6 | 6.5             | 1.6                                     | 7.2  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 1.8 | 2.9                      | 4.5  | 1.4 | 5.2             | 1.4                                     | 5.8  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 1.5 | 2.3                      | 3.5  | 1.2 | 4.2             | 1.2                                     | 4.6  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.4 | 2.1                      | 3.2  | 1.0 | 3.8             | 1.0                                     | 4.2  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 10  | pF          |                                    |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 5</u> [2]      |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
|                      | delay       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V            | -   | 18.4                     | -    | -   | -               | -                                       | -    | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 3.2 | 5.6                      | 10.9 | 2.3 | 11.8            | 2.3                                     | 13.1 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 2.6 | 4.1                      | 6.7  | 1.9 | 7.7             | 1.9                                     | 8.5  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 2.3 | 3.4                      | 5.3  | 1.7 | 6.2             | 1.7                                     | 6.9  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 2.0 | 2.9                      | 4.2  | 1.5 | 5.0             | 1.5                                     | 5.5  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 1.7 | 2.6                      | 3.8  | 1.4 | 4.6             | 1.4                                     | 5.1  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 15  | pF          |                                    |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 5</u> [2]      |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
|                      | delay       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V            | -   | 21.9                     | -    | -   | -               | -                                       | -    | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 3.6 | 6.4                      | 12.6 | 2.6 | 13.8            | 2.6                                     | 15.2 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 3.0 | 4.6                      | 7.6  | 2.2 | 8.9             | 2.2                                     | 9.8  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 2.6 | 3.9                      | 6.0  | 2.0 | 7.2             | 2.0                                     | 7.9  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 2.3 | 3.3                      | 4.8  | 1.8 | 5.7             | 1.8                                     | 6.3  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 2.1 | 3.1                      | 4.2  | 1.6 | 5.0             | 1.6                                     | 5.5  | ns   |
| C <sub>L</sub> = 30  | pF          |                                    |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub>      | propagation | A to Y; see <u>Fig. 5</u> [2]      |     |                          |      |     |                 |   |      |      |
|                      | delay       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V            | -   | 32.1                     | -    | -   | -               | -                                       | -    | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V   | 4.8 | 8.7                      | 16.3 | 3.6 | 18.9            | 3.6                                     | 20.8 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V   | 4.0 | 6.2                      | 10.3 | 3.4 | 12.2            | 3.4                                     | 13.4 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V | 3.6 | 5.2                      | 8.1  | 3.2 | 9.8             | 3.2                                     | 10.8 | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V   | 3.0 | 4.4                      | 6.4  | 2.7 | 7.7             | 2.7                                     | 8.5  | ns   |
|                      |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V   | 2.9 | 4.2                      | 5.6  | 2.5 | 6.5             | 2.5                                     | 7.2  | ns   |

| Symbol Parameter |                         | Conditions                                  | T,           | T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C |            | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C<br>to +85 °C |     | T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C<br>to +125 °C |     | Unit |   |   |   |    |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------|--------------------------|------------|--|-----|---|-----|------|---|---|---|----|
|                  |                         |   | Min          | Typ [1]                  | Max        | Min                                    | Max | Min                                     | Max |      |   |   |   |    |
| C <sub>PD</sub>  | power                   | $V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$ ; $f_i$ = 1 MHz [3] |              |                          |            |  |     |   |     |      |   |   |   |    |
|                  | dissipation capacitance | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                     | -            | 2.5                      | -          | -                                      | -   | -                                       | -   | pF   |   |   |   |    |
|                  | Capacitarioc            | Capacitarios                                | capacitarioc | oapaonanoc               | oapaonanoo | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V       | -   | 2.6                                     | -   | -    | - | - | - | pF |
|                  |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V            | -            | 2.7                      | -          | -                                      | -   | -                                       | -   | pF   |   |   |   |    |
|                  |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V          | -            | 2.9                      | -          | -                                      | -   | -                                       | -   | pF   |   |   |   |    |
|                  | $V_{CC} = 2.3$          | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V            | -            | 3.4                      | -          | -                                      | -   | -                                       | -   | pF   |   |   |   |    |
|                  |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V            | -            | 4.0                      | -          | -                                      | -   | -                                       | -   | pF   |   |   |   |    |

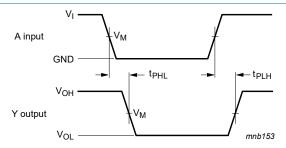
- [1] All typical values are measured at Homina. 100
   [2] t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub>.
   [3] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).
   P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) where:
   f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;  $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0)$  = sum of outputs.

### 11.1. Waveform and test circuit



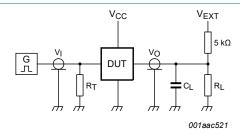
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 5. The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays

Table 9. Measurement points

| Supply voltage  | Output                | Input                 |                 |             |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>M</sub>        | V <sub>M</sub>        | V <sub>I</sub>  | $t_r = t_f$ |  |  |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | 0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> | 0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | ≤ 3.0 ns    |  |  |



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance;

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator;

 $V_{\text{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 6. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

| Supply voltage  | Load                         |                    | V <sub>EXT</sub>                    |                                     |                                     |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | CL                           | R <sub>L</sub> [1] | t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> | t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub> | t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF | 5 kΩ or 1 MΩ       | open                                | GND                                 | 2 × V <sub>CC</sub>                 |

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L$  = 5  $k\Omega.$ 

For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1  $M\Omega$ .

# 12. Package outline

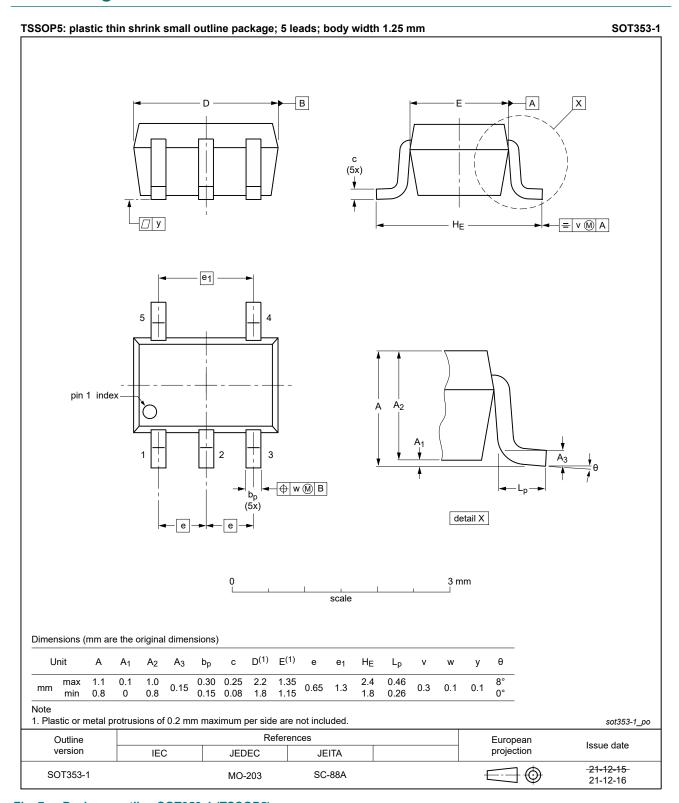


Fig. 7. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

## 13. Abbreviations

### **Table 11. Abbreviations**

| Acronym | Description             |
|---------|-------------------------|
| DUT     | Device Under Test       |
| ESD     | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| НВМ     | Human Body Model        |

# 14. Revision history

## Table 12. Revision history

| Document ID        | Release date   | Data sheet status  | Change notice | Supersedes         |  |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.4 | 20230713   | Product data sheet | -             | 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.3 |  |
| Modifications:     | <u>Section 2</u> : ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.   |                    |               |                    |  |
| 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.3 | 20220120   | Product data sheet | -             | 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.2 |  |
| Modifications:     | Fig. 7: Package outline drawing for SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) has changed.   |                    |               |                    |  |
| 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.2 | 20211103   | Product data sheet | -             | 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.1 |  |
| Modifications:     | <ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Section 1 updated.</li> <li>Table 5: Derating values for P<sub>tot</sub> total power dissipation updated.</li> </ul> |                    |               |                    |  |
| 74AUP1G34_Q100 v.1 | 20130326   | Product data sheet | -             | -                  |  |

## 15. Legal information

#### **Data sheet status**

| Document status [1][2]         | Product<br>status [3] | Definition  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet   | Development           | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification         | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short]<br>data sheet  | Production            | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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