# **74AUP1G18**

# Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

Rev. 8 — 17 July 2023

**Product data sheet** 

### 1. General description

The 74AUP1G18 is a 1-to-2 demultiplexer with a 3-state outputs. The device buffers the data on input A and passes it to output 1Y or 2Y, depending on whether the state of the select input (S) is LOW or HIGH. The unused output assumes the high impedence OFF-state. Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times. This device ensures very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. This device is fully specified for partial power down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the potentially damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

#### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- · High noise immunity
- · Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 μA (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

# 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information** 

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AUP1G18GW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP6	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 6 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT363-2
74AUP1G18GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	<u>SOT886</u>
74AUP1G18GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1115
74AUP1G18GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1202

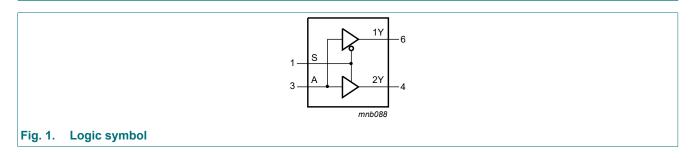
# 4. Marking

#### Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code [1]
74AUP1G18GW	pW
74AUP1G18GM	pW
74AUP1G18GN	pW
74AUP1G18GS	pW

<sup>[1]</sup> The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

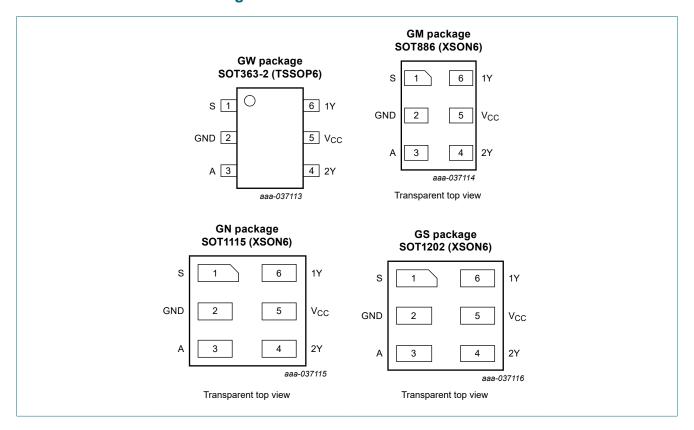
# 5. Functional diagram



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# 6. Pinning information

### 6.1. Pinning



### 6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
S	1	data select
GND	2	ground (0 V)
Α	3	data input
2Y	4	data output
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	supply voltage
1Y	6	data output

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### 7. Functional description

#### **Table 4. Function table**

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Input		Output			
A		1Y	2Y		
L	L	L	Z		
L	Н	Н	Z		
Н	L	Z	L		
Н	Н	Z	Н		

## 8. Limiting values

#### **Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode [1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
Io	output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C to } +125  ^{\circ}\text{C}$ [2]	-	250	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		Power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

<sup>[2]</sup> For SOT363-2 (TSSOP6) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.7 mW/K above 83 °C.

For SOT886 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT1115 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.2 mW/K above 71 °C.

For SOT1202 (XSON6) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

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# 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7. Static characteristics** 

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C		1		1	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
lį	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_O = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.1	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
Δl <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	40	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	$V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$	-	8.0	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		$I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.03	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	1.97	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.85	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.67	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.55	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
l <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_O = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
Δl <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.6	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	50	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +125 °C				•	•
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.25 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.6 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.93	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.17	-	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	1.77	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.67	-	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	2.40	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.30	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 20 \mu A$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.11	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.33 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{I}$ = GND to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_O = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
Δl <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.4	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	75	μΑ

<sup>[1]</sup> One input at  $V_{\text{CC}}$  - 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{\text{CC}}$  or GND.

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

#### **Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 4.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		T <sub>an</sub>	<sub>nb</sub> = o +85 °C	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p	F									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	A to nY; see Fig. 2 [2]								
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	20.4	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.7	5.6	10.6	2.4	10.7	2.4	10.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.4	3.9	6.1	2.2	6.5	2.2	6.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	3.1	4.7	1.6	5.3	1.6	5.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	2.4	3.6	1.4	4.0	1.4	4.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.4	2.2	3.1	1.2	3.4	1.2	3.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [3]		-						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	46.1	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.1	5.6	9.7	2.9	10.1	2.9	11.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.5	4.0	6.2	2.2	6.6	2.2	7.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	3.3	5.1	1.8	5.5	1.8	6.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	2.7	3.9	1.4	4.2	1.4	4.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5	2.4	3.5	1.2	3.7	1.2	4.1	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [4]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	12.6	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.0	4.7	7.5	2.9	7.9	2.9	8.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.3	3.5	5.2	2.2	5.5	2.2	6.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3	3.4	4.8	2.1	5.1	2.1	5.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	2.5	3.6	1.5	3.9	1.5	4.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	2.9	3.8	1.8	4.1	1.8	4.5	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 10	pF			<u>'</u>		'			-	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	A to nY; see Fig. 2 [2]								
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	23.9	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.9	6.4	12.2	2.9	12.3	2.9	12.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.7	4.5	7.1	2.4	7.6	2.4	7.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3	3.7	5.5	2.1	6.0	2.1	6.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.9	3.0	4.2	1.8	4.6	1.8	4.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.8	2.7	3.9	1.6	4.1	1.6	4.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [3]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	50.1	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.6	6.5	11.1	3.3	11.6	3.3	12.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.9	4.6	7.0	2.6	7.6	2.6	8.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.5	3.9	5.8	2.2	6.3	2.2	6.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.1	3.2	4.6	1.7	4.9	1.7	5.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	2.9	4.2	1.6	4.4	1.6	4.8	ns

# Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [4]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	14.5	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.1	5.8	8.7	3.9	9.1	3.9	10.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.2	4.4	6.1	3.0	6.5	3.0	7.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.3	4.5	6.0	3.2	6.3	3.2	6.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.4	3.3	4.4	2.2	4.7	2.2	5.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.1	4.1	5.2	3.0	5.5	3.0	6.1	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 15	pF								•	•
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	A to nY; see Fig. 2 [2]								
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	27.4	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.4	7.2	13.7	3.2	13.9	3.2	13.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.2	5.0	7.9	2.8	8.7	2.8	9.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.5	4.2	6.3	2.4	7.0	2.4	7.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	3.4	4.9	2.2	5.3	2.2	5.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.2	3.2	4.4	1.9	4.8	1.9	5.0	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [3]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	53.9	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.1	7.3	12.4	3.6	12.9	3.6	14.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.3	5.2	7.8	2.9	8.4	2.9	9.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.9	4.4	6.4	2.5	7.0	2.5	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.5	3.6	5.2	2.1	5.5	2.1	6.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.3	3.4	4.8	1.9	4.9	1.9	5.4	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [4]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	16.3	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	5.1	6.9	10.0	4.9	10.4	4.9	11.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	4.0	5.3	7.1	3.8	7.4	3.8	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	4.3	5.6	7.3	4.2	7.6	4.2	8.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.1	4.1	5.3	3.0	5.6	3.0	6.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	4.2	5.3	6.6	4.1	6.9	4.1	7.6	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 30	pF						ı			
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	A to nY; see Fig. 2 [2]								
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.1	9.5	18.0	4.1	18.5	4.1	18.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.7	6.6	10.4	3.8	11.5	3.8	12.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.4	5.5	8.3	3.3	9.2	3.3	9.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.2	4.5	6.3	3.0	6.8	3.0	7.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.1	4.2	5.8	2.9	6.6	2.9	7.0	ns

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### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit	
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [3]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	66.3	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	5.3	9.6	16.4	4.7	17.0	4.7	18.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	4.4	6.8	10.0	3.9	10.9	3.9	12.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	4.0	5.7	8.2	3.4	8.9	3.4	9.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.4	4.8	6.6	2.9	7.0	2.9	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.2	4.5	6.1	2.8	6.5	2.8	7.2	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	S to nY; see Fig. 3 [4]								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	21.8	-	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	8.2	10.4	14.3	8.0	14.7	8.0	16.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	6.5	8.0	10.0	6.3	10.4	6.3	11.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	7.4	9.0	11.0	7.3	11.3	7.3	12.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	5.3	6.5	7.9	5.2	8.2	5.2	9.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	7.6	9.0	10.7	7.4	11.0	7.4	12.1	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p	F, 10 pF, 15 pl	F and 30 pF		1					'	
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation	$f_i$ = 1 MHz; [5] $V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$								
	capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	4.2	-	-	-	-	-	pF

- All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.
- $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$ . [2]
- [3]
- t<sub>dis</sub> is the same as t<sub>PZH</sub> and t<sub>PLZ</sub>.
   C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).
   P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) where:

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_0$  = output frequency in MHz;

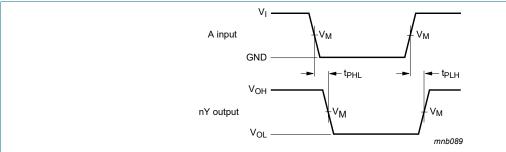
C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;  $\Sigma(C_L \times {V_{CC}}^2 \times f_o) = \text{sum of the outputs.}$ 

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

#### 11.1. Waveforms and test circuit



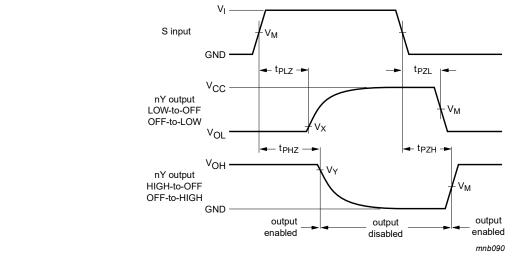
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels:  $V_{\text{OL}}$  and  $V_{\text{OH}}$  are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

#### Fig. 2. The data input (A) to output (nY) propagation delays

**Table 9. Measurement points** 

Supply voltage	Input			Output
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>I</sub>	$t_r = t_f$	V <sub>M</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 3.0 ns	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>



Measurement points are given in Table 10.

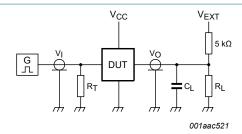
Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 3. Enable and disable times

Table 10. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	$V_{Y}$
0.8 V to 1.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output



Test data is given in Table 11.

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance;

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator;

 $V_{\text{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

#### Fig. 4. Test circuit for measuring switching times

#### Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>CC</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L$  = 5 k $\Omega$ . For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1 M $\Omega$ .

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

# 12. Package outline

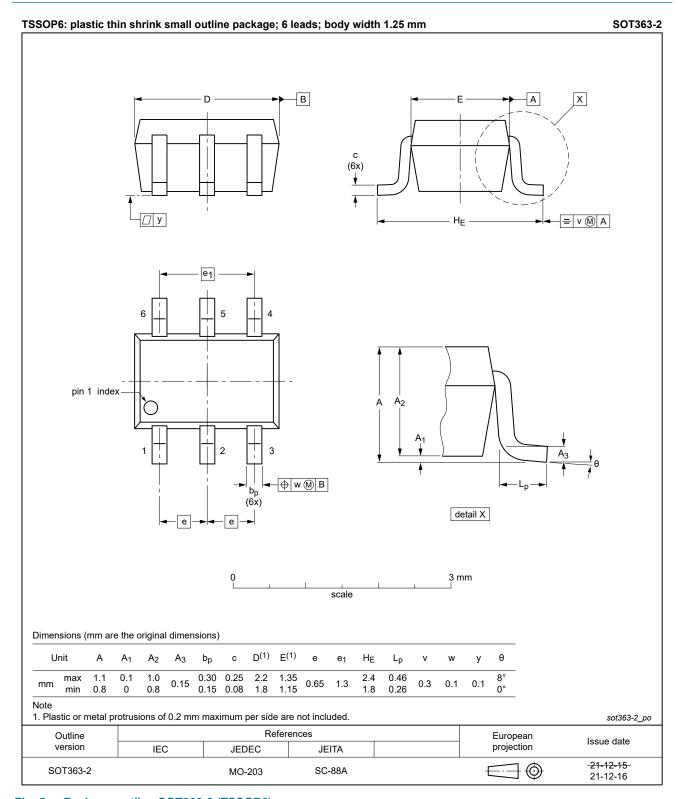


Fig. 5. Package outline SOT363-2 (TSSOP6)

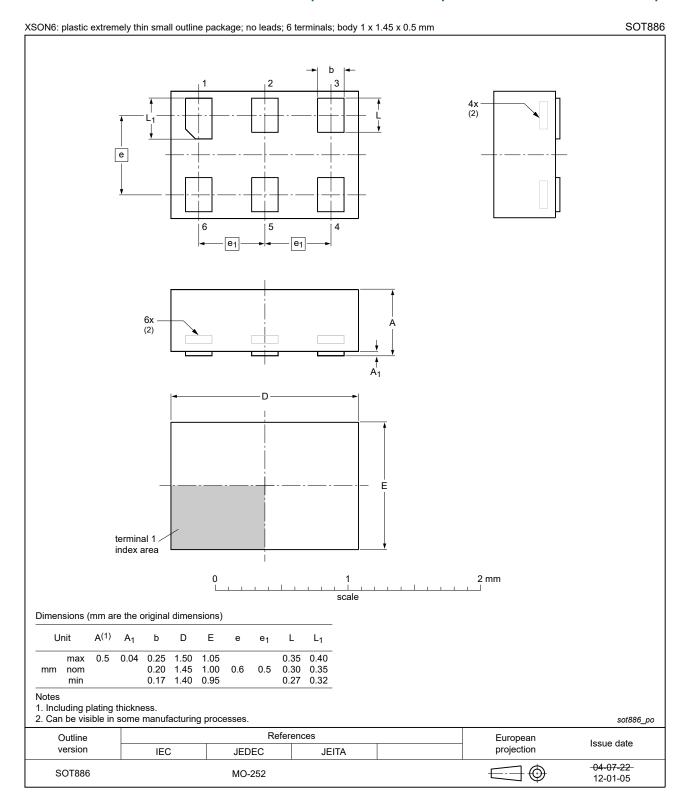


Fig. 6. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

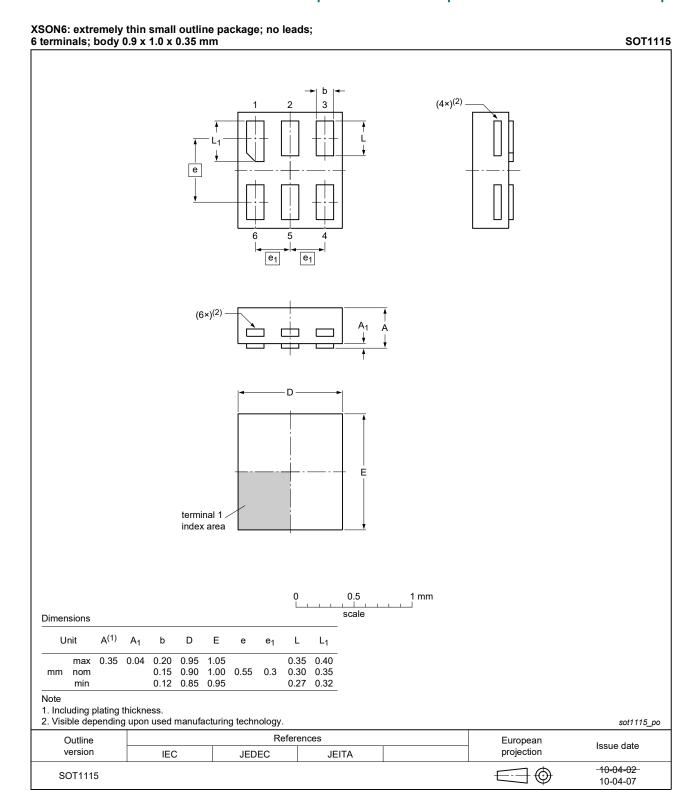


Fig. 7. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)

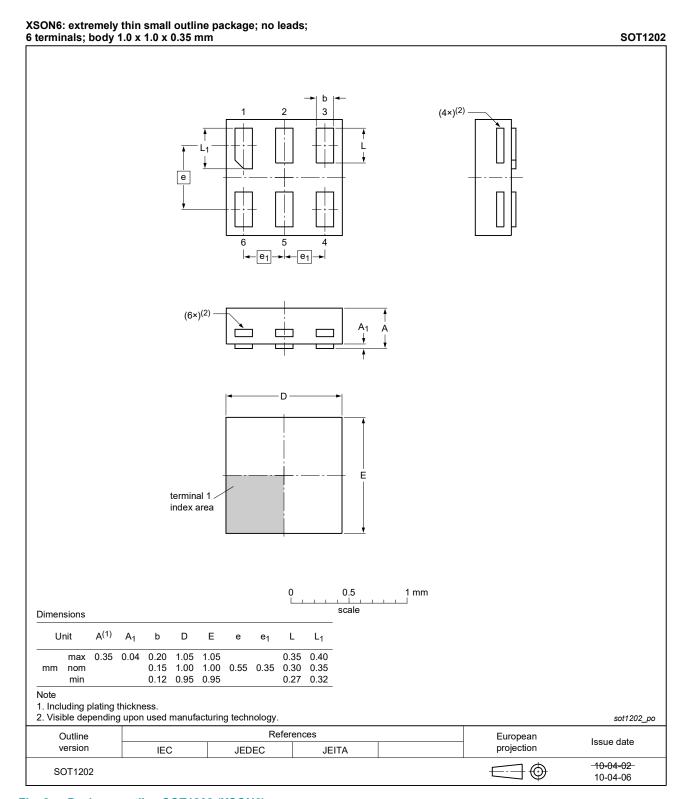


Fig. 8. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

### 13. Abbreviations

#### **Table 12. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model

# 14. Revision history

#### Table 13. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
74AUP1G18 v.8	20230717	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.7	
Modifications:	Section 2: E	<u>Section 2</u> : ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.			
74AUP1G18 v.7	20220118	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.6	
Modifications:	Package SC	Package SOT363 (SC-88) changed to SOT363-2 (TSSOP6).			
74AUP1G18 v.6	20201028	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.5	
Modifications:	<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Type number 74AUP1G18GF (SOT891 / XSON6) removed.</li> <li>Table 5: Derating values for P<sub>tot</sub> total power dissipation updated.</li> </ul>				
74AUP1G18 v.5	20120703	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.4	
Modifications:	Package outline drawing of SOT886 (Fig. 6) modified.				
74AUP1G18 v.4	20111124	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.3	
Modifications:	Legal pages updated.				
74AUP1G18 v.3	20100927	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.2	
74AUP1G18 v.2	20080403	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G18 v.1	
74AUP1G18 v.1	20061013	Product data sheet	-	-	

#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

### 15. Legal information

#### **Data sheet status**

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
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#### Low-power 1-of-2 demultiplexer with 3-state deselected output

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